

[TRANSLATION]

Financial Section Integrated Report 2022 Year ended March 31, 2022

Consolidated Financial Statements, Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

*This document has been translated from the Japanese original for the convenience of overseas stakeholders. In the event of any discrepancy between this document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

Hitachi Transport System, Ltd.

Consolidated Financial Statements Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

		Millions	of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	As of Marc 2022	ch 31,		March 31, 2021	As	of March 31, 2022	
Assets							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	¥ 94.	,907	¥	104,815	\$	775,447	
Trade receivables and contract assets	131.	867		123,681		1,077,392	
(Notes 8, 9, 21 and 27)							
Inventories (Note 10)		,363		1,083		11,137	
Other financial assets (Notes 7 and 27)		,580		4,378		86,445	
Other current assets		,758		13,393		87,899	
Total current assets	249,	,470		247,350		2,038,320	
Non-current assets							
Investments accounted for using the equity method	6.	,762		6,372		55,250	
(Note 11) Property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	169.	290		159,981		1,383,201	
Right-of-use assets (Note 9)	281.			288,030		2,298,104	
Goodwill (Note 13)		,203 ,881		25,228		2,298,104	
Intangible assets (Note 13)		,001 ,270		23,228		173,789	
Deferred tax assets (Note 14)		,270 ,022				· · · · ·	
Other financial assets (Notes 7 and 27)				11,732		114,568	
		,259		18,459		141,016	
Other non-current assets (Note 17)		,659		6,960		54,408	
Total non-current assets	542,			540,586	¢	4,431,800	
Total assets	¥ 791,	,8/8	¥	787,936	\$	6,470,120	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities			••	54 500			
Trade payables (Note 15)		,561	¥	51,733	\$	445,796	
Short-term debt (Note 27)		,114		2,152		9,102	
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 27)		,092		10,320		164,164	
Lease liabilities (Notes 9 and 27)		,926		30,600		260,855	
Income tax payable		,385		6,089		43,999	
Other financial liabilities (Note 27)		,019		24,202		179,908	
Other current liabilities (Notes 16 and 21)		,044		31,559		310,842	
Total current liabilities	173,	,141		156,655		1,414,666	
Non-current liabilities							
Long-term debt (Note 27)	120,	,386		140,303		983,626	
Lease liabilities (Notes 9 and 27)	251,	,343		261,220		2,053,624	
Retirement and severance benefits (Note 17)	39,	,436		37,071		322,216	
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 14)	7,	,969		7,467		65,112	
Other financial liabilities (Note 27)	18,	,435		20,075		150,625	
Other non-current liabilities (Note 16)	2,	,955		3,038		24,144	
Total non-current liabilities	440,	,524		469,174		3,599,346	
Total liabilities	613,	,665		625,829		5,014,013	
Equity							
Equity attributable to stockholders of the parent company							
Common stock (Note 18)	16,	,803		16,803		137,291	
Retained earnings (Note 18)	145,	,026		236,311		1,184,950	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (Note 19)	9,	,162		1,861		74,859	
Treasury stock, at cost (Note 18)	((821)		(99,817)		(6,708)	
Total equity attributable to stockholders of the parent	170,	· · · · ·		155,158		1,390,391	
company							
Non-controlling interests		,043		6,949		65,716	
Total equity	178,			162,107	-	1,456,108	
Total liabilities and equity	¥ 791,	,878	¥	787,936	\$	6,470,120	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

		Million	s of ye	n	housands of U.S. dollars
		2022		2021	2022
Revenues (Notes 5 and 21)	¥	743,612	¥	652,380	\$ 6,075,758
Cost of sales		(649,000)		(566,582)	(5,302,721)
Gross profit		94,612		85,798	773,037
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(55,916)		(49,087)	(456,867)
Adjusted operating income		38,696		36,711	316,170
Other income (Note 22)		2,071		10,787	16,921
Other expenses (Note 22)		(10,029)		(6,448)	(81,943)
Operating income		30,738		41,050	251,148
Financial income (Note 23)		76		413	621
Financial expenses (Note 23)		(1,888)		(44)	(15,426)
Share of profits of investments accounted for using the equity method (Note 11)		491		3,010	4,012
EBIT (Earnings before interest and taxes)		29,417		44,429	240,355
Interest income (Note 23)		1,299		1,197	10,614
Interest expenses (Notes 9 and 23)		(6,085)		(6,492)	(49,718)
Income before income taxes		24,631		39,134	201,250
Income taxes (Note 14)		(10,009)		(15,180)	(81,780)
Net income	¥	14,622	¥	23,954	\$ 119,471
Net income attributable to: Stockholders of the parent company		13,513		22,873	110,409
Non-controlling interests		1,109		1,081	9,061

		Yen				U.S. dollars
		2022		2021		2022
Earnings per share attributable to stockholders of the parent company						
Basic (Note 24)	¥	161.47	¥	240.02	\$	1.32
Diluted (Note 24)		-		-		-

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Millior	s of yen		ousands of .S. dollars
		2022		2021	2022
Net income	¥	14,622	¥	23,954	\$ 119,471
Other comprehensive income (OCI)					
Items not to be reclassified into net income					
Net changes in financial assets measured at fair value through OCI (Note 19)		(747)		475	(6,103)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans (Note 19)		52		213	425
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method (Note 19)		(1)		18	(8)
Total items not to be reclassified into net income		(696)		706	(5,687)
Items that can be reclassified into net income					
Foreign currency translation adjustments (Note 19)		8,133		6,274	66,452
Net changes in cash flow hedges (Note 19)		8		2	65
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method (Note 19)		118		20	964
Total items that can be reclassified into net income		8,259		6,296	67,481
Other comprehensive income (OCI)		7,563		7,002	61,794
Comprehensive income	¥	22,185	¥	30,956	\$ 181,265
Comprehensive income attributable to: Stockholders of the parent company		20,516		29,211	167,628
Non-controlling interests		1,669		1,745	13,637

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

]	Millions of ye	n		
				2022			
	Equity	v attributable to	stockholders o	of the parent co			
	Common stock	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Treasury stock, at cost	Total equity attributable to stockholders of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at beginning of year	¥16,803	¥236,311	¥ 1,861	¥ (99,817)	¥155,158	¥6,949	¥162,107
Changes in equity							
Net income	-	13,513	-	-	13,513	1,109	14,622
Other comprehensive income (Note 19)	-	-	7,003	-	7,003	560	7,563
Transactions with non- controlling interests (Note 18)	-	(8)	15	-	7	(22)	(15)
Dividends (Note 20)	-	(4,696)	-	-	(4,696)	(174)	(4,870)
Transfer to retained earnings (Notes 19 and 27)	-	1	(1)	-	-	-	-
Acquisition and sales of treasury stock (Note 18)	-	-	-	(1)	(1)	-	(1)
Retirement of treasury stock		(99,080)		98,994	(86)	-	(86)
Share-based remuneration transactions (Note 26)	-	66	-	3	69	-	69
Changes in liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests (Notes 18, 19 and 27)	-	(1,081)	284	-	(797)	(379)	(1,176)
Total changes in equity	-	(91,285)	7,301	98,996	15,012	1,094	16,106
Balance at end of year	¥16,803	¥145,026	¥ 9,162	¥ (821)	¥170,170	¥8,043	¥178,213

				Millions of ye	n		
-	Equit	ottributable to	stockholders o	2021	mony		
	Accumulated Treasury a Common Retained other stock, stock earnings comprehensive at cost of income		Total equity attributable to stockholders of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total equity		
Balance at beginning of year	¥16,803	¥220,829	¥ (4,587)	¥ (184)	¥232,861	¥6,396	¥239,257
Changes in equity							
Net income	-	22,873	-	-	22,873	1,081	23,954
Other comprehensive income (Note 19)	-	-	6,338	-	6,338	664	7,002
Transactions with non- controlling interests (Note 18)	-	181	(108)	-	73	(327)	(254)
Dividends (Note 20)	-	(4,299)	-	-	(4,299)	(121)	(4,420)
Transfer to retained earnings (Notes 19 and 27)	-	68	(68)	-	-	-	-
Acquisition and sales of treasury stock (Note 18)	-	-	-	(99,633)	(99,633)	-	(99,633)
Share-based remuneration transactions (Note 26) Changes in liabilities for	-	24	-	-	24	-	24
written put options over non-controlling interests (Notes 18, 19 and 27)	-	(3,365)	286	-	(3,079)	(744)	(3,823)
Total changes in equity	-	15,482	6,448	(99,633)	(77,703)	553	(77,150)
Balance at end of year	¥16,803	¥236,311	¥ 1,861	¥ (99,817)	¥155,158	¥6,949	¥162,107

			Thou	sands of U.S.	dollars		
				2022			
_	Equity	/ attributable to	stockholders of	of the parent co			
	Common stock	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Treasury stock, at cost	Total equity attributable to stockholders of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at beginning of year	\$137,291	\$1,930,803	\$ 15,205	\$ (815,565)	\$1,267,734	\$ 56,778	\$1,324,512
Changes in equity							
Net income	-	110,409	-	-	110,409	9,061	119,471
Other comprehensive income (Note 19) Transactions with non-	-	-	57,219	-	57,219	4,576	61,794
controlling interests (Note 18)	-	(65)	123	-	57	(180)	(123
Dividends (Note 20)	-	(38,369)	-	-	(38,369)	(1,422)	(39,791
Transfer to retained earnings (Notes 19 and 27)	-	8	(8)	-	-	-	-
Acquisition and sales of treasury stock (Note 18)	-	-	-	(8)	(8)	-	(8
Retirement of treasury stock		(809,543)	-	808,841	(703)	-	(703
Share-based remuneration transactions (Note 26) Changes in liabilities for	-	539	-	25	564	-	564
written put options over non-controlling interests (Notes 18, 19 and 27)	-	(8,832)	2,320	-	(6,512)	(3,097)	(9,609
Total changes in equity	-	(745,853)	59,654	808,857	122,657	8,939	131,596
Balance at end of year	\$137,291	\$1,184,950	\$ 74,859	\$ (6,708)	\$1,390,391	\$ 65,716	\$ 1,456,108

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25) Payments into time deposits (Note 27) Other(6,04 (6,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87Cash flows from financing activities: Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(1,79Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17	llions	s of yen	l		ousands of .S. dollars
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Depreciation and amortization50,82Impairment losses10,00Share of profits of investments accounted for using the equity method(49Loss by fire7,29Insurance proceeds(42Gain on sale of investments in associates(42Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment(1,37Interest and dividends income(1,37Interest expenses(6,08(Increase) decrease in inventories(2,25Increase (decrease) in treitrement and severance benefits2,27Increase (decrease) in treitrement and severance benefits2,25Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,88Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)(42Income taxes paid(7,20)Vet cash provided by operating activities(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investing activities(24,87Cash flows fon financing activities:(24,87Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,03Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
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Gains on sale of property, plant and equipment(21Interest and dividends income(1,37Interest expenses6,08(Increase) decrease in trade receivables and contract assets(3,81(Increase) decrease in inventories(25Increase (decrease) in trade payables2,27Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,28Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Net cash provided by operating activities:65,13Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets66,04Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(6,04)Other75Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,10,32)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(1,10,32)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(1,179Other75Decrease from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests76Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests (Note 25)(1,179Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69Dividends paid (No	_		(4,945)		-
Interest and dividends income(1,37Interest expenses6,08(Increase) decrease in trade receivables and contract assets(3,81(Increase) decrease in inventories(2,22Increase (decrease) in trade payables2,27Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,22Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,83Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)(42Income taxes paid(7,20)Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(24,87)Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(1,16)Payments into time deposits (Note 25)(1,16)Payments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16)Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16)Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16)Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,79)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests(1,79)Acquisition of trasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(1,79)Other(59)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(1,79)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(1,79) <td>9)</td> <td></td> <td>(2,769)</td> <td></td> <td>(1,789)</td>	9)		(2,769)		(1,789)
Interest expenses6,00(Increase) decrease in trade receivables and contract assets(3,81(Increase) decrease in inventories(25Increase (decrease) in trade payables2,27Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,28Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest and dividends received (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)(42Income taxes paid(7,20)Net cash provided by operating activities(20,35)Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(24,87)Proceeds from sale of investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(24,87)Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(11,10)Purchase of inporties:(24,87)Proceeds from sale of investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(24,87)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,10)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(11,10)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(11,10)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(11,10)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,60)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,60)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests<			(1,270)		(11,235)
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables and contract assets(3,81(Increase) decrease) in trade payables(2,5)Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,26Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73)Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98)Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50)Income taxes paid(7,20)Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:(20,35)Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(24,87)Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)11Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(11,03)Repayments of long-term debt (No			6,492		49,718
(Increase) decrease in inventories(25Increase (decrease) in trade payables2,27Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,28Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cases form sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)66,04Other75(6,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87Cash flows from financing activities: Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(1,16Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests76			(4,366)		(31,179)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables2,27Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,27Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,28Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Vet cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:(20,35Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries (Note 25)(1,16Repayments into time deposits (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(1,16Acquisition of shares of consolida			(1,300) 77		(2,092)
Increase (decrease) in retirement and severance benefits2,28Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities65,13Cash flows from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(6,04Proceads from financing activities:(24,87Cash flows from financing activities:(24,87Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries (Note 25)(11,03)Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,03)Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(13,375)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(17,90)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests(17,90)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests(17,90)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(19,90)Other(59)			3,084		18,596
Changes in other assets and other liabilities(11,73Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Vet cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:(20,35Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(6,04Procease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt, net (Note 25)(33,75Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,79Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests(1,79Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,60Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,60Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17Other(59			1,976		18,653
Other1,74Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Vet cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets65,13Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(6,04Other75Vet cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87Cash flows from financing activities:(11,05Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,05Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,33Repayments of lase liabilities (Note 25)(10,33Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to 			(5,203)		(95,866)
Subtotal76,82Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:9Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(6,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87Cash flows from financing activities:(1,16Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(1,179Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,79Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests(1,79Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(4,69Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(59Other(59			(5,205) 996		14,241
Interest and dividends received1,57Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:90Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(6,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87Cash flows from financing activities:(11,16Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,63Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(11,63Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(11,63Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(13,75Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(179Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- 			83,644		627,707
Interest paid(5,98Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:(20,35Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)-Payments into time deposits (Note 27)(6,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87Cash flows from financing activities:(11,16Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,63Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(11,63Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(11,63Repayments of lase liabilities (Note 25)(13,75Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(179Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests(179Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests(179Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(179Other(59					
Fire-related payments (Note 22)(50Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20)Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:(20,35)Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35)Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)(6,04)Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 27)(6,04)Other75Vet cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(11,16)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,16)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(179)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests(179)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(159)Other(59)			4,145		12,836
Insurance proceeds received (Note 22)42Income taxes paid(7,20)Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:9Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)66,04Other75Vet cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(11,16)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,16)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(13,375)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(17,90)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests(17,90)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(159)Other(59)	-		(6,399)		(48,917)
Income taxes paid(7,20)Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities:Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)11Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)66,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(11,16)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,032)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(11,032)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(13,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(17,79)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(14,69)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(55)Other(55)	-		-		(4,093)
Net cash provided by operating activities65,13Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25) Payments into time deposits (Note 27) Other(6,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities: Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25) Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25) Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25) Dividends paid (Note 20) Dividends paid to non-controlling interests Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other(179Other(55			50		3,505
Cash flows from investing activities:(20,35)Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)1Payments into time deposits (Note 27)(6,04)Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(1,16)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(10,32)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(17,79)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests(4,69)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other(59)			(26,131)		(58,845)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets(20,35)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)11Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)12Payments into time deposits (Note 27)(6,04Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(11,16)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(11,16)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(4,69)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other(15)	0		55,309		532,192
assets1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.					
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets76Proceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)-Payments into time deposits (Note 27)(6,04Other75Vet cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(11,16)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(10,32)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests-Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other(15	, 9)		(19,792)		(166,345)
Intangible assetsProceeds from sale of investments in associates (Note 30)1Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25)	50		3,814		6,210
Purchase of subsidiaries' shares (Note 25) Payments into time deposits (Note 27) Other(6,04 (6,04 (6,04 (75))Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities: Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16) (10,32)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32) (10,32)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75) (33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(17,79) (1,79)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69) (17) Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other(17) (15)	4		87,183		114
Payments into time deposits (Note 27)(6,04Other75Vet cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87Cash flows from financing activities:(1,16Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(10,32Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(33,75Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,79Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other(59	.4				114
Other75Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:(24,87)Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,16)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other(15)			(1,476)		-
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities(24,87)Cash flows from financing activities:Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16)Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32)Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,16)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(1,16)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17)Other(59)			(572) 622		(49,424)
Cash flows from financing activities: (1,16) Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25) (1,16) Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25) (10,32) Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25) (33,75) Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests (1,16) Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non-controlling interests (Note 25) (33,75) Dividends paid (Note 20) (4,69) Dividends paid to non-controlling interests (17) Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) (17) Other (59)					6,185
Decrease in short-term debt, net (Note 25)(1,16Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,79Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17Other(59	1)		69,779		(203,260)
Repayments of long-term debt (Note 25)(10,32Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(33,75Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(59Other(59	(5)		(1.575)		(0.510)
Repayments of lease liabilities (Note 25)(33,75)Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(33,75)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(1,79)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17)Other(59)			(1,575) (10,409)		(9,519) (84,394)
Proceeds from sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests(1,79 (4,69)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17)Other(59)					(34,394)
non-controlling interests(1,79)Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(4,69)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17)Other(59))0)		(36,648)		(275,025)
Acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries from non- controlling interests (Note 25)(1,79)Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69)Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17)Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17)Other(59)	-		114		-
Dividends paid (Note 20)(4,69Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17Other(59	92)		(7,541)		(14,642)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests(17Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30)(17Other(18(17)(17)	6		(4,299)		(38,369)
Acquisition of treasury stock (Notes 18 and 30) Other (59	· ·		(121)		(1,422)
Other (59	(1)		(99,633)		(1,422)
			(99,033) (944)		(4,870)
			(161,056)		(4,870)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 2,34			1,762		(429,040)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (9,90)			(34,206)		(80,954)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 104,81			139,021		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (Note 7) ¥ 94,90		¥	139,021	\$	856,402 775,447

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

1. Nature of Operations

Hitachi Transport System, Ltd. (the Company) is a corporation domiciled in Japan, whose shares are listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The addresses of its registered headquarters and major business offices are disclosed on the Company's website (https://www.hitachi-transportsystem.com). The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 comprise the Company, its subsidiaries and its interests in associates and joint ventures (the Group). The Group is principally engaged in the rendering of comprehensive and high-quality logistics services through domestic logistics, global logistics and other services segments.

2. Basis of Presentation

(a) Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). As the Company meets the requirements of a "Specified Company applying the Designated International Accounting Standards" pursuant to Article 1-2 of the Ordinance on Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements (Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance No.28, 1976), the Company applies the provision of Article 93 of the Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by Hiroaki Takagi, the Company's Representative Executive Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer, and Nobukazu Hayashi, the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Executive Officer, on June 24, 2022.

(b) Basis of Measurement

The Group's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for derivative financial instruments measured at fair value, financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests and assets and liabilities associated with defined benefit plans.

(c) Presentation Currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Japanese yen, the functional currency of the Company, and rounded to the nearest million yen.

(d) Use of Estimates and Judgments

Management of the Company has made a number of judgments, estimates and assumptions relating to the application of accounting policies and reporting of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. However, actual results could differ from those estimates due to the nature of the estimates.

Estimates and assumptions are continually reviewed. The effect of a review of accounting estimates, if any, is recognized in the reporting period in which the estimates are reviewed and in future periods.

As for COVID-19, the Company believes it has only a limited impact on the consolidated financial statements in terms of valuation of the Group's assets as of March 31, 2022, but the carrying amount of assets or liabilities may need to be adjusted in future years if a significant change in the situation with regard to the COVID-19 pandemic further increases uncertainty.

Accounting estimates and judgments that could have a material effect on the amounts recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements are as follows:

(i) Valuation of goodwill

The Group performs an impairment test for goodwill by estimating the recoverable amount every year regardless of whether there is any indication of impairment or when any indication of impairment is identified.

The impairment test compares the carrying amount and recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit, and any excess of the carrying amount of assets allocated to a cash-generating unit over the recoverable amount is recognized as impairment loss.

The recoverable amount is calculated based on certain assumptions about future cash flows, a discount rate, and a growth rate. While these assumptions are determined based on management's best estimate and judgment, the calculation result of the recoverable amount could significantly differ depending on the future business plans and economic conditions, and therefore the Group considers these estimates to be important. When the calculation result of the recoverable amount is significantly different, impairment loss may be recognized in the consolidated financial statements in future years.

Please refer to Note 13. Goodwill and Intangible Assets for the calculation method and sensitivity analysis of the recoverable amount of goodwill.

(ii) Lease term of right-of-use assets

The Group determines the lease term of right-of-use assets by taking into account the periods covered by an option to extend the lease during the non-cancellable period (Extension Option) and an option to terminate the lease (Termination Option). The Extension Option or Termination Option are generally included in the lease contracts related to logistics centers and their fixtures. The lease term is determined based on certain assumptions by comprehensively taking into account the specifications of logistics centers, contractual relationship with customers and business strategies.

As the amount of initial recognition of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, depreciation of right-of-use assets and interest expense on lease liabilities will vary depending on the estimate of the lease term, the Group considers the estimate to be important. While these assumptions are based on management's best estimate and judgment, lease liabilities will be remeasured if there is a change in the assumptions used to estimate the lease term. When lease liabilities are remeasured, the resulting adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or recognized in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero.

Please refer to Note 9. Leases for notes on lease terms.

(iii) Present value of redemption value of liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests

The Group recognizes written put options over subsidiaries' shares granted to the holders of non-controlling interests as financial liabilities at present value of redemption value calculated by discounting future cash flows and deducts the difference between non-controlling interests from capital surplus or retained earnings, with changes subsequent to initial recognition to be recognized in capital surplus or retained earnings.

The present value of redemption value of liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests is calculated based on the assumptions about future business plans, etc. of the relevant subsidiaries. While these assumptions are determined based on management's best estimate and judgment, the calculation result of the present value of redemption value could significantly differ depending on the future business plans, etc., and therefore the Group considers such estimate to be important. When the calculation result of the present value is significantly different, it will affect mainly capital surplus or retained earnings in the consolidated financial statements in future years.

Please refer to Note 27. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures for the measurement method of present value of redemption value of liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests.

(iv) Provision for loss by fire

On November 29, 2021, a fire broke out at a logistics center at Maishima Sales Office of Hitachi Transport System West Japan Co., Ltd., our consolidated subsidiary. Provision for loss by fire is recorded to provide for the estimated amount of potential future losses related to rental properties, including costs to dismantle and remove the buildings burned, and the payments to customers and other affected parties.

As of March 31, 2022, the demolition work of the buildings had not yet started, and accordingly the loss related to rental properties, including costs to dismantle and remove the buildings burned, was estimated taking into account the building structures, the extent of the fire damage of the buildings and products inside the buildings and discussions with affected parties and making certain assumptions about demolition and removal work method and the construction period. The payments to customers and other affected parties have been determined based on assumptions about the extent of payments to be made by the Company in consideration of the legal expert's opinion and the current situation of discussions with the affected parties.

These assumptions were made based on the best estimates and judgment made by the management using the information available at this point. However, because the access to the building is restricted from a safety perspective and only limited information on the situation inside the burnt building is available, it is possible that the demolition and removal work method and the construction period may change and there are uncertainties over the progress of discussions with and decisions by customers and other affected parties. If it becomes necessary to review accounting estimates and assumptions because of unforeseeable changes in assumptions caused by these uncertainties, it may have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements in future years, and therefore, the Group considers these estimates to be important.

Details of provisions for loss by fire are described in Note 16. Provisions.

(e) Changes in Accounting Policies Not applicable.

(f) Change in Presentation

Consolidated statement of cash flows

"Insurance proceeds" and "Insurance proceeds received" under "Cash flows from operating activities" were included in "Other" for the year ended March 31, 2021 but are presented separately for the year ended March 31, 2022 as the amount became material. To reflect this change in presentation, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2021 was reclassified.

As a result, in the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2021 "Insurance proceeds" (¥(50) million) and "Insurance proceeds received" (¥50 million) are separately presented and "Subtotal" was revised from ¥83,694 million to ¥83,644 million.

Also, "Payments into time deposits" under "Cash flows from investing activities" was included in "Other" for the year ended March 31, 2021 but is presented separately for the year ended March 31, 2022 as the amount became material. To reflect this change in presentation, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2021 was reclassified. As a result, \$50 million which was presented as "Other" under "Cash flows from investing activities" in the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2021 was reclassified to "Payments into time deposits" (\$(572) million) and "Other" (\$622 million).

(g) Accounting Standards and Interpretations Issued but Not Yet Adopted by the Group Not applicable.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control is obtained when the Group is exposed, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the Group has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

All subsidiaries of the Company are included in the scope of consolidation from the date on which the Group acquires control until the date on which the Group loses control. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, amounts of internal transactions, unrealized profits arising from internal transactions and balances of receivables and payables between consolidated companies are eliminated.

Subsidiaries' financial statements are adjusted, if necessary, when their accounting policies differ from those of the Group.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries without a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries with a loss of control are accounted for by derecognizing the assets and liabilities, non-controlling interests and accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to the relevant subsidiaries.

(ii) Associates and joint ventures

Associates are entities over which the Group has the ability to exercise significant influence over their financial and operational policies, but which are not controlled by the Group. If the Group owns more than 20% but less than 50% of the voting rights of other entity, the Group is considered to have significant influence over the entity. In addition, even when the Group only owns less than 20% of the voting rights of an entity, if the Group is determined to have significant influence because an associate over which the Group has significant influence with more than 20% of voting rights owns more than 50% of the voting rights of such entity, such entity is included as an associate.

Joint ventures are entities jointly controlled by multiple parties, including the Company, and require unanimous agreement of all parties in deciding financial and operational policies of the entity.

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

The Group's consolidated financial statements include the Group's shares of profit or loss and changes in other comprehensive income (OCI) of these associates and joint ventures from the date on which the Group obtains significant influence or joint control to the date on which it loses significant influence or joint control. The financial statements of the associates and joint ventures are adjusted, if necessary, when their accounting policies differ from those of the Group.

(b) Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. Consideration is measured as the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred at the acquisition date and non-controlling interests in the acquired company. The Company determines, on a transaction by transaction basis, whether to measure non-controlling interests in the acquired company at fair value or by the proportionate share of the fair value of net identifiable assets of the acquired company. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

(d) Foreign Currency Translation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in Japanese yen, which is the Company's functional currency. Each company in the Group has set its own functional currency and transactions of each company are measured in the relevant functional currency.

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date or a rate that approximates such rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. Foreign exchange gains or losses resulting from the currency conversion and settlement are recognized in profit or loss, except where foreign exchange gains or losses relating to financial assets measured at FVTOCI and cash flow hedges are recognized in OCI.

(ii) Foreign operations

Assets and liabilities of foreign entities are translated into Japanese yen using the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period, and revenue and expense items are translated using the average exchange rates during the corresponding period. Gains or losses derived from translating foreign entities' financial statements are recognized in OCI. When a foreign entity of the Group is disposed of, cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments relating to the foreign entity are reclassified to profit or loss at the time of disposal.

(e) Financial Instruments

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

The Group initially recognizes trade and other receivables on the date such receivables arise. All other financial assets are initially recognized at the transaction date on which the Group becomes a party to the agreement.

The classification and measurement model of non-derivative financial assets is summarized as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost when they meet all of the following requirements:

- The financial asset is held within a business model the objective of which is to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset provide cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially measured at fair value (including direct transaction costs). Subsequent to the initial recognition, the carrying amount of financial assets measured at amortized cost is measured using the effective interest method, less impairment losses, if necessary.

Impairment of financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Group performs ongoing evaluation at least on a quarterly basis on allowance for doubtful accounts for expected credit losses related to financial assets measured at amortized cost, trade receivables and other receivables, depending on whether the credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition.

If the credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition, allowance for doubtful accounts is measured at expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, allowance for doubtful accounts is measured at expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. However, allowance for doubtful accounts for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables are always measured at lifetime expected credit losses.

Whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk is determined based on the change in the risk of default occurring, and the Group defines default as the situation where there is a serious problem in payments of contractual cash flow by a debtor and there is no reasonable expectation that all or part of the financial assets will be recovered. Whether there has been a change in the risk of default occurring is determined taking into consideration mainly external credit rating and past due information.

Expected credit losses are measured as the probability-weighted present value of the difference between all contractual cash flows related to the financial asset that are due to an entity and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive. In the event of occurrence of one or more of the events including payment delay, extension of due date, negative evaluation by external credit research agencies and deterioration in financial position and operating results including insolvency, the financial assets are individually assessed as impaired financial assets and expected credit losses are measured based mainly on historical credit losses are measured based on the collective assessment using the provision rates adjusted for current and estimated future economic conditions depending on historical credit loss experience.

For the expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost, trade receivables, and other receivables, allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded instead of directly reducing the carrying amounts. Changes in expected credit losses are recognized in profit or loss as impairment losses and are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. For financial assets, after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote, it is determined that there are no longer any reasonable expectations of recovering all or part of the financial assets and the carrying amounts are directly written off.

FVTOCI financial assets

The Group holds certain equity instruments with the purpose of expanding its revenue base by maintaining and strengthening business relations with the investees. These equity instruments are irrevocably designated as FVTOCI financial assets at initial recognition. They are subsequently measured at fair value, and the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in OCI. Dividends from FVTOCI financial assets are recognized in profit or loss unless they are clearly considered to be a return of the investment.

FVTPL financial assets

The Group classifies equity instruments not designated as FVTOCI financial assets and debt instruments not classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost as FVTPL financial assets at initial recognition. These instruments are subsequently measured at fair value and the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes financial assets when contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets are transferred and the risks and economic rewards of owning the financial assets are substantially transferred. In transactions where the risks and economic rewards of owning the financial assets are neither substantially transferred nor retained, the Group derecognizes such financial assets when the Group does not hold control over the assets. When FVTOCI financial assets are derecognized, the amount of AOCI is directly reclassified to retained earnings and not recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group initially recognizes debt instruments on the date of issuance. All other financial liabilities are initially recognized at the transaction date, on which the Group becomes a party to the agreement.

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities when extinguished, such as when its contractual obligation is performed or when the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

The Group holds bonds, debts, trade payables and other financial liabilities as non-derivative financial liabilities. They are initially measured at fair value (less direct transaction costs), and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The Group recognizes written put options over subsidiary's shares granted to the holders of non-controlling interests as financial liabilities at present value of redemption value calculated by discounting future cash flows and deducts the difference between non-controlling interests from capital surplus or retained earnings, with changes subsequent to initial recognition to be recognized in capital surplus or retained earnings.

(iii) Derivatives and hedge accounting

The Group uses derivative instruments including forward exchange contracts and interest rate swaps in order to hedge foreign currency exchange risks and interest rate risks. All derivatives are measured at fair value irrespective of the objective and intent of holding them.

Cash flow hedge is a hedge of a forecast transaction or the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability. The changes in fair value of the derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are recognized in OCI to the extent that the hedge is considered effective. This treatment continues until profit or loss is affected by the variability of future cash flows or the unrecognized firm commitment designated as a hedged item, at which point changes in fair value of the derivative are recognized in profit or loss. If non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities are also recognized as a result of a forecast transaction designated as a hedged item, the changes in fair value of the derivatives recorded in OCI are directly included in the carrying amount of the assets or liabilities when the assets or liabilities are recognized.

The Group documents the risk management policy as prescribed by IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments," which includes the objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. In addition, a formal assessment is made at the hedge's inception and subsequently on a periodic basis, as to whether the derivative used in hedging activities is effective in offsetting changes in fair values or future cash flows of the hedged items. Hedge accounting is discontinued if a hedge becomes ineffective, and the ineffective portion is immediately recorded in profit or loss.

(iv) Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported at net amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position only when the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with changes in the carrying amount due to remeasurement of inventories recognized in cost of sales.

Cost includes purchase, processing and all other costs incurred during the process until the inventories reach their current location and state. Cost is determined generally by the moving average method for merchandise, finished goods, raw materials and supplies and by the specific identification method for work in process.

Net realizable value is calculated as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to sell.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured by the cost model and stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Acquisition cost includes direct costs of acquisition, costs of dismantling, removing and restoration of the assets. Material components that exist in items of property, plant and equipment are recorded as individual items of property, plant and equipment.

Except for non-depreciable assets, such as land, property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and structures	2 to 50 years
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	2 to 20 years
Tools, furniture and fixtures 2 to 20 years	

The residual value, estimated useful lives and the depreciation method of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at fiscal year-end, and any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

(h) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill is recognized as the amount of consideration transferred that is measured at fair value at the acquisition date, including the amount of all non-controlling interests of the acquired entity, in excess of the net amount of

identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. Goodwill is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortized but tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indication of impairment, and impairment losses are recorded, if necessary. Impairment losses relating to goodwill are not reversed.

(ii) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured by the cost model and stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. Individually acquired intangible assets are measured at cost at initial recognition, and costs of intangible assets acquired in business combinations are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Costs of internally generated intangible assets are fully expensed when incurred, except for those that meet the capitalization requirements.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Software	3 to 5 years
Customer-related intangible assets	12 to 20 years

The residual value, estimated useful lives and the amortization method of intangible assets are reviewed at each fiscal year end, and any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

(i) Leases

The Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at inception of the contract. We deem that a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts that are or contain a lease, each lease component in the contract is accounted for separately from nonlease components.

Lease term is determined taking into account the periods covered by an extension option (when the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option) or by a termination option (when the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise the option).

(Lease as a lessee)

Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date. The cost of right-of-use assets comprises:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- Lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease less any lease incentives received
- Initial direct costs incurred by the lessee
- Estimated cost to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying assets to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the shorter of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the lessee will exercise a purchase option. The estimated useful life of the right-of-use asset is determined in the same way as property, plant and equipment and ranges from two to 31 years. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the repayment of the outstanding lease liabilities, and the finance charge is calculated so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of lease liability.

Lease payments of short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less are recognized as expenses using the straight-line method over the lease term.

(Lease as a lessor)

A lease as a lessor is classified as finance lease if it transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For finance leases, net investment in the lease at the inception of the lease is recognized as lease receivables. Lease income is apportioned between the financial income and the collection of the outstanding lease receivables, and the financial income is calculated so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding net investment in the lease.

Operating lease income is recognized as revenue using the straight-line method over the lease term.

(j) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

For non-financial assets excluding inventories, deferred tax assets and net defined benefit assets, the Group reviews the presence of an indication of impairment in each reporting period. When there is an indication of impairment, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. Irrespective of any indications of impairment, the Group annually estimates the recoverable amounts of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use.

In performing impairment testing, individual assets are grouped into the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash flows independently from each other.

The recoverable amount is measured as the higher of the value in use or the fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate which reflects the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. If the carrying amount of the asset or asset allocated to a cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount, the excess is recognized as an impairment loss.

Impairment losses relating to goodwill are not reversed. For other assets, the Group determines whether there is an indication that impairment losses previously recognized may no longer exist or have decreased. If there is an indication of reversal of impairment losses, and the estimated recoverable amount for the asset or the CGU exceeds the carrying amount, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been recorded, net of depreciation or amortization, if the impairment had not been recognized.

(k) Retirement and Severance Benefits

The Company and its certain consolidated subsidiaries have defined benefit pension plans and severance lump-sum payment plans to provide retirement and severance benefits to employees. The present value of defined benefit obligations and retirement benefit costs are calculated by the projected unit credit method.

Differences in remeasurement of the net amount of defined benefit asset or liability are fully recognized in OCI in the year in which they are incurred and are not subsequently reclassified into profit or loss. Any prior service cost is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The net amount of defined benefit asset or liability is calculated as the present value of defined benefit obligations less the fair value of plan assets, and recognized as assets or liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries have defined contribution pension plans. A defined contribution pension plan is a retirement benefit plan in which the employer makes a certain amount of contributions to third party entities and does not have legal or constructive obligations for any payment beyond the contributions. Contributions made to defined contribution pension plans are expensed in the period when the employees rendered their services.

(1) Provisions

The Group recognizes provisions when it has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of obligation can be reliably estimated.

In case that the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is measured by discounting estimated future cash flows using a pretax discount rate reflecting the time value of money and risks specific to the obligation. Unwinding of the discount over time is recognized as financial expenses.

(m) Equity

(i) Common stock and capital surplus

For shares issued by the Company, the issue price is recorded in common stock and capital surplus, and expenses incurred in direct relation to the issuance are deducted from capital surplus.

(ii) Treasury stock

When treasury stock is acquired, the acquisition cost is recognized as a deduction from equity. When treasury stock is sold or disposed of, the difference between the carrying amount and consideration at the time of sale or disposal is recognized in capital surplus or retained earnings.

(n) Revenue Recognition

The Group recognizes revenue in accordance with the following five-step approach.

- Step 1: Identify the contract with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation

The Group offers comprehensive logistics services to meet its customers' needs, and with respect to contracts with customers, it recognizes that the characteristics inherent in the contract exist and that the economic substance is reflected in the contract, as well as identify goods or services to be transferred to customers under the contract and identify performance obligations to be accounted for individually.

The transaction price is calculated as the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services promised to customers. The contracts with customers do not include significant financing components.

The Group does not have contracts that require allocation of the transaction price to each performance obligation. However, in the event the Group enters into such contracts in future, revenue is recognized by allocating goods or services underlying each performance obligation in proportion to the relative stand-alone selling price.

Provided that a performance obligation meets the requirements, revenue is recognized when or as the control of underlying goods or services is transferred to the customer.

(o) Income Taxes

Income taxes consist of current tax expenses and deferred tax expenses which are changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities. They are recognized in profit or loss, except for items recognized directly in equity or OCI and items arising from business combinations.

Current tax expenses are measured at the amount which is expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities using the tax rates and tax laws that are enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities on the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized for future taxable temporary differences arising from initial recognition of goodwill, temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination which at the time of transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, and future taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates where the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which those temporary differences are expected to reverse. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in profit or loss and OCI in the period that includes the enactment date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which unused tax losses, unused tax credits and future deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each fiscal year and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the tax benefits will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the deferred tax assets and liabilities and income taxes are levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity, or income taxes are levied on different taxable entities but these entities intend to settle the deferred tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or these deferred tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

(p) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) for net income attributable to stockholders of the parent company is calculated by dividing net income attributable to stockholders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding adjusted for treasury stock during the period. Diluted EPS for net income attributable to stockholders of the parent company is not calculated as there are no potential dilutive ordinary shares.

(q) Government Grants

Government grants are recognized at fair value when the Group meets all requirements incidental to government grants and there is reasonable assurance that the Group will receive the government grants. Government grants for the acquisition of assets are recognized as deferred revenue and regularly recognized in profit or loss over the useful lives of the relevant assets.

(r) Stock compensation

The Company has introduced a performance-linked stock compensation plan as an equity-settled stock compensation plan for executive officers. For the performance-linked stock compensation plan, the services received are measured at the fair value of the Company's stock on the date of grant and recognized as expenses over the vesting period from the date of grant, with a corresponding increase recognized in retained earnings.

Basis of Translation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are expressed in Japanese yen and, solely for the convenience of the reader, have been translated into United States dollars at the rate of $\pm 122.39 = U.S.$ 1.00, the approximate exchange rate prevailing at the Tokyo Foreign Exchange Market as of March 31, 2022. This translation should not be construed as a representation that the amounts shown have been or could be converted into U.S. dollars at such a rate.

5. Segment Information

(a) Reportable Segments

The business segments of the Group are business units for which the Group is able to obtain separate financial information and for which operating performance is evaluated regularly by the Executive Committee of the Company, the highest decision-making authority, to decide the allocation of management resources and assess performance.

The Company's operations are divided into domestic logistics business, global logistics business and other service businesses. Consolidated subsidiaries conduct their businesses as autonomous business units and their operations are periodically reviewed by the Executive Committee of the Company. Each subsidiary develops comprehensive strategies and conducts business activities.

Consequently, business segments of the Group consist of the Company's businesses mentioned above and other services provided by the consolidated subsidiaries. The Group's reportable segments have been designated as domestic logistics and global logistics in order to provide appropriate information about the business activities and the business environment, by combining a number of business segments that are similar in terms of economic and service characteristics.

For domestic logistics, the Group provides comprehensive logistics services that include establishment of logistics systems, information control, inventory control, orders control, processing for distribution, distribution center operation, factory logistics, and transportation and delivery. For global logistics, the Group provides comprehensive logistics services that include customs clearance, and international intermodal transportation by land, sea and air.

The accounting policies of the reported business segments are substantially consistent with those of the Group described in Note 3. "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies." Profit (loss) in reportable segments is based on adjusted operating income. Intersegment transactions are those that take place between companies and are based on market prices. The Executive Committee of the Company does not use the information on assets and liabilities allocated to business segments.

		Million	s of yen				
	Re	portable segme	nt	Other		Adjustments	Amount recorded in the
For the year ended March 31, 2022	Domestic logistics	Global logistics	Subtotal	services (Note 1)	Total	and eliminations (Note 2)	consolidated financial statements
Revenues							
Revenues from outside customers	¥417,162	¥313,494	¥730,656	¥12,956	¥743,612	¥-	¥743,612
Revenues from intersegment transactions or transfers	-	-	-	17,215	17,215	(17,215)	-
Total	¥417,162	¥313,494	¥730,656	¥30,171	¥760,827	¥(17,215)	¥743,612
Segment profit	¥23,678	¥13,642	¥37,320	¥1,376	¥38,696	¥ -	¥38,696
Other income							2,071
Other expenses							(10,029)
Financial income							76
Financial expenses							(1,888)
Share of profits of investments accounted for using the equity method							491
Interest income							1,299
Interest expenses							(6,085)
Income before income taxes							¥24,631
Others							
Depreciation and amortization	¥34,431	¥12,896	¥47,327	¥3,501	¥50,828	¥ -	¥50,828
Impairment losses	¥ -	¥4	¥4	¥ -	¥4	¥ -	¥4

Notes: 1. "Other services" includes information system development and sale and maintenance of motor vehicles, which are excluded from the reportable segments.

 Company-wide expenses which do not belong to any business segments such as corporate general and administrative expenses incurred in the parent company are allocated to each business segment in accordance with a rational basis.

		Million	s of yen				
	Rej	portable segme	ent			Adjustments	Amount
For the year ended March 31, 2021	Domestic logistics	Global logistics	Subtotal	Other services (Note 1)	Total	and eliminations (Note 2)	recorded in the consolidated financial statements
Revenues							
Revenues from outside customers	¥421,190	¥216,258	¥637,448	¥14,932	¥652,380	¥-	¥652,380
Revenues from intersegment transactions or transfers	-	-	-	7,814	7,814	(7,814)	-
Total	¥421,190	¥216,258	¥637,448	¥22,746	¥660,194	¥(7,814)	¥652,380
Segment profit	¥25,176	¥10,340	¥35,516	¥1,195	¥36,711	¥-	¥36,711
Other income							10,787
Other expenses							(6,448)
Financial income							413
Financial expenses							(44)
Share of profits of investments accounted for using the equity method							3,010
Interest income							1,197
Interest expenses							(6,492)
Income before income taxes							¥39,134
Others							
Depreciation and amortization	¥37,005	¥11,722	¥48,727	¥3,432	¥52,159	¥-	¥52,159
Impairment losses (Note 3)	¥285	¥191	¥476	¥-	¥476	¥863	¥1,339

Notes: 1. "Other services" includes information system development and sale and maintenance of motor vehicles, which are excluded from the reportable segments.

2. Company-wide expenses which do not belong to any business segments such as corporate general and administrative expenses incurred in the parent company are allocated to each business segment in accordance with a rational basis.

3. "Adjustments and eliminations" for Impairment losses under Others relates to impairment loss on equity-method investments in HTB-BCD Travel Limited, mainly engaging in the travel agency service, which is not attributable to any business segments.

		Thousands of	of U.S. dollars				
	Re	portable segm	ent	Other		Adjustments	Amount recorded in the
For the year ended March 31, 2022	Domestic logistics	Global logistics	Subtotal	services (Note 1)	Total	and eliminations (Note 2)	consolidated financial statements
Revenues							
Revenues from outside customers	\$3,408,465	\$2,561,435	\$5,969,900	\$105,858	\$6,075,758	\$ -	\$6,075,758
Revenues from intersegment transactions or transfers	-	-	-	140,657	140,657	(140,657)	-
Total	\$3,408,465	\$2,561,435	\$5,969,900	\$246,515	\$6,216,415	\$(140,657)	\$6,075,758
Segment profit	\$193,464	\$111,463	\$304,927	\$11,243	\$316,170	\$ -	\$316,170
Other income							16,921
Other expenses							(81,943)
Financial income							621
Financial expenses							(15,426)
Share of profits of investments accounted for using the equity method							4,012
Interest income							10,614
Interest expenses							(49,718)
Income before income taxes							\$201,250
Others							
Depreciation and amortization	\$281,322	\$105,368	\$386,690	\$28,605	\$415,295	\$ -	\$415,295
Impairment losses	\$ -	\$33	\$33	\$ -	\$33	\$7,051	\$7,084

Notes: 1. "Other services" includes information system development, sale and maintenance of motor vehicles, which are excluded from the reportable segments.

2. Company-wide expenses which do not belong to any business segments such as corporate general and administrative expenses incurred in the parent company are allocated to each business segment in accordance with a rational basis.

(b) Geographic Information

The following table shows revenues attributed to geographic areas based on the location of the customers for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

	Million	Millions of yen		
	2022	2021	2022	
Japan	¥482,354	¥469,540	\$3,941,123	
Europe	84,197	60,716	687,940	
China	43,314	35,706	353,901	
Asia	55,125	39,815	450,404	
North America	66,017	39,297	539,399	
Other areas	12,605	7,306	102,990	
Overseas revenues subtotal	261,258	182,840	2,134,635	
Total consolidated revenues	¥743,612	¥652,380	\$6,075,758	

	Million	Millions of yen	
	As of March	As of March As of March	
	31, 2022	31, 2021	31, 2022
Japan	¥420,290	¥430,166	\$3,434,022
Europe	34,013	30,454	277,907
Asia	16,424	14,767	134,194
North America	20,377	15,497	166,492
Other areas	9,286	9,090	75,872
Total	¥500,390	¥499,974	\$4,088,488

The following table shows the balances of non-current assets for each geographic area as of March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Non-current assets are classified based on the location of the assets and exclude financial instruments, deferred tax assets and net defined benefit assets.

(c) Significant Customer Information

The customer group that accounts for more than 10% of the Group's revenues is the Hitachi, Ltd. Group and revenues from the Hitachi, Ltd. Group amounted to ¥83,661 million (\$683,561 thousand) (all segments) and ¥83,135 million (all segments) for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

6. Business Combinations

There were no significant business combinations for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The components of cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	¥95,606	¥105,609	\$781,159
Time deposits with maturities of over 3 months	(699)	(794)	(5,711)
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position	¥94,907	¥104,815	\$775,447

The balances of "Cash and cash equivalents" in the consolidated statement of financial position as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are consistent with the balances of "Cash and cash equivalents" in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

8. Trade Receivables and Contract Assets

The components of trade receivables and contract assets are as follows:

	Millions of	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Notes receivable and electronically recorded monetary claims	¥5,606	¥5,785	\$45,804
Accounts receivable	123,822	113,802	1,011,700
Contract assets	811	1,110	6,626
Lease receivables	3,147	4,271	25,713
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(1,524)	(1,287)	(12,452)
Total	¥131,862	¥123,681	\$1,077,392

Information on credit risk management is provided in Note 27. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures. Information on lease receivables that are expected to be collected over one year after the reporting period is provided in Note 9. Leases.

9. Leases

(a) Lessee

The Company and its certain consolidated subsidiaries lease buildings and structures and machinery, equipment and vehicles. Amortization of right-of-use assets is included in depreciation expenses.

(i) Lease expenses

	Millions	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2022	2021	2022
Depreciation of right-of-use assets			
Buildings and structures	¥28,984	¥30,993	\$236,817
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	3,160	3,328	25,819
Tools, furniture and fixtures	1,552	1,492	12,681
Other	637	415	5,205
Total	34,333	36,228	280,521
Finance charge on lease liabilities	¥4,978	¥5,507	\$40,673
Expenses related to short-term leases	¥7,328	¥5,205	\$59,874

(Note) "Expenses related to short-term leases" are presented from the year ended March 31, 2022 as key items as the amount became material. To reflect the change of presentation, they are also presented as key items for the year ended March 31, 2021.

	Millions	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Right-of-use assets			
Buildings and structures	¥259,151	¥267,001	\$2,117,420
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	12,869	13,039	105,147
Tools, furniture and fixtures	4,088	4,476	33,401
Other	5,157	3,514	42,136
Total	¥281,265	¥288,030	\$2,298,104

(ii) Carrying amount of right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets increased ¥17,024 million (\$139,096 thousand) and ¥44,017 million during the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(iii) Extension and termination option

Certain lease contracts include an extension option and a termination option. Judgement must be applied in assessing whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option or not to exercise a termination option. Accordingly, the Group considers all relevant factors that will create economic incentives for the Group to exercise the extension option or not to exercise the termination option.

The Group reassesses the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the Group, such as a business decision that directly affects whether or not to exercise the options.

Extension options or termination options are usually included in the Group's lease contracts related to logistics centers and their structures. When the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the extension option of the contract for a logistics center based on the comprehensive consideration of the specifications of the logistics center, contractual relationship with customers and business strategies, the extension period is included in the lease term of such contract up to the useful life of the logistics center.

The period covered by a termination option is included in the lease term only when the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise the option.

(iv) Residual value guarantees

Residual value guarantees are generally included in lease contracts for vehicles and guarantee the residual value of certain vehicles used in the transportation business.

(v) Lease contracts not yet commenced but to which the lessee is committed

The future cash outflows to which the Group is potentially exposed because of lease contracts not yet commenced but to which the Group is committed as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are $\pm 21,721$ million (\$177,474 thousand) and $\pm 5,104$ million, respectively.

Please refer to Note 27. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures for the maturity analysis of lease liabilities.

(b) Lessor

Certain consolidated subsidiaries of the Company lease buildings and structures and machinery, equipment and vehicles, etc. under finance leases or operating leases.

(i) Finance lease

The maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payments receivable related to finance lease contracts is as follows:

	Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	
Within one year	¥1,761	¥2,159	\$14,388	
Over one year through two years	1,361	1,630	11,120	
Over two years through three years	661	1,192	5,401	
Over three years through four years	298	500	2,435	
Over four years through five years	135	137	1,103	
Over five years	4	7	33	
Total	¥4,220	¥5,625	\$34,480	
Unearned finance income	¥(255)	¥(327)	\$(2,084)	
Net investment in the lease	¥3,965	¥5,298	\$32,396	

(ii) Operating lease

The maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payments related to operating lease contracts is as follows:

	Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Within one year	¥828	¥890	\$6,765
Over one year through two years	452	548	3,693
Over two years through three years	377	287	3,080
Over three years through four years	174	274	1,422
Over four years through five years	124	75	1,013
Over five years	-	4	-
Total	¥1,955	¥2,078	\$15,974

10. Inventories

The components of inventories are as follows:

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021	
Merchandise and finished goods	¥653	¥472	\$5,335
Work in process	20	26	163
Raw materials and supplies	690	585	5,638
Total	¥1,363	¥1,083	\$11,137

11. Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

The carrying amount of the Group's ownership interests in associates and joint ventures that are not individually material is as follows:

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Investments in associates	¥6,723	¥6,337	\$54,931
Investments in joint ventures	39	35	319
Carrying amount of the Group's ownership interests	¥6,762	¥6,372	\$55,250

	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2022	2021	2022
Financial information on associates			
Net income	¥487	¥59	\$3,979
OCI	117	23	956
Total comprehensive income	¥604	¥82	\$4,935
Financial information on joint ventures			
Net income	¥4	¥3	\$33
Total comprehensive income	¥4	¥3	\$33
Total			
Net income	¥491	¥62	\$4,012
OCI	117	23	956
Total comprehensive income	¥608	¥85	\$4,968

Financial information on associates and joint ventures that are not individually material is as follows. These amounts represent the Group's share of ownership interests.

The share of losses of associates and joint ventures not recognized as the Group has discontinued recognition of its share of losses of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method is as follows:

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021		March 31, 2022
Unrecognized share of losses of associates and joint ventures (current period)	¥178	¥68	\$1,454
Unrecognized share of losses of associates and joint ventures (cumulative total)	246	68	2,010

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

The following tables show the changes in the net carrying amount, the gross carrying amount and accumulated depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment.

_	Millions of yen						
Net carrying amount	Buildings and structures	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Tools, furniture and fixtures	Land	Construction in progress	Total	
April 1, 2020	¥60,008	¥28,990	¥4,465	¥53,003	¥1,766	¥148,232	
Additions	2,004	6,206	1,553	1,162	10,125	21,050	
Sales or disposals	(93)	(1,228)	(200)	(13)	(60)	(1,594)	
Depreciation	(4,857)	(5,145)	(1,044)	-	-	(11,046)	
Impairment losses	(177)	(16)	(6)	(106)	-	(305)	
Transfers from construction in progress	8,465	749	231	33	(9,478)	-	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,454	958	114	237	44	2,807	
Other	206	341	69	208	13	837	
March 31, 2021	¥67,010	¥30,855	¥5,182	¥54,524	¥2,410	¥159,981	
Additions	1,996	6,945	2,000	-	6,803	17,744	
Sales or disposals	(127)	(466)	(104)	(248)	(7)	(952)	
Depreciation	(5,073)	(5,122)	(1,226)	-	-	(11,421)	
Impairment losses (Note)	(50)	(18)	(7)	-	-	(75)	
Transfers from construction in progress	2,890	3,081	65	-	(6,036)	-	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	1,372	1,444	238	243	159	3,456	
Other	147	308	130	(33)	5	557	
March 31, 2022	¥68,165	¥ 37,02 7	¥6,278	¥ 54,48 6	¥ 3,334	¥169,290	

	Thousands of U.S. dollars						
Net carrying amount	Buildings and structures	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Tools, furniture and fixtures	Land	Construction in progress	Total	
March 31, 2021	\$547,512	\$252,104	\$42,340	\$445,494	\$19,691	\$1,307,141	
Additions	16,309	56,745	16,341	-	55,585	144,979	
Sales or disposals	(1,038)	(3,808)	(850)	(2,026)	(57)	(7,778)	
Depreciation	(41,449)	(41,850)	(10,017)	-	-	(93,316)	
Impairment losses (Note)	(409)	(147)	(57)	-	-	(613)	
Transfers from construction in progress	23,613	25,174	531	-	(49,318)	-	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	11,210	11,798	1,945	1,985	1,299	28,238	
Other	1,201	2,517	1,062	(270)	41	4,551	
March 31, 2022	\$556,949	\$302,533	\$51,295	\$445,183	\$27,241	\$1,383,201	

(Note) ¥(71) million (\$(580) thousand) of impairment losses are included in "Loss by fire" in Note 22. Other Income and Expenses (b) Other Expenses.

			Millions	of yen		
Gross carrying amount	Buildings and structures	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Tools, furniture and fixtures	Land	Construction in progress	Total
April 1, 2020	¥149,692	¥66,319	¥14,836	¥53,003	¥1,766	¥285,616
March 31, 2021	160,411	68,431	15,762	54,630	2,410	301,644
March 31, 2022	¥166,915	¥76,987	¥17,745	¥54,486	¥3,334	¥319,467
			Thousands of I			
	D '11'	N 1'	The aballab of	U.S. dollars		
Gross carrying amount	Buildings and structures	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Tools, furniture and fixtures	Land	Construction in progress	Total
March 31, 2022	\$1,363,796	\$629,030	\$144,987	\$445,183	\$27,241	\$2,610,238
			M:11:	- f		
	D '11'	N 1 1	Millions	of yen		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	Buildings and structures	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	Tools, furniture and fixtures	Land	Construction in progress	Total
April 1, 2020	¥(89,684)	¥ (37,329)	¥(10,371)	¥-	¥-	¥ (137,384)
March 31, 2021	(93,401)	(37,576)	(10,580)	(106)	-	(141,663)
March 31, 2022	¥ (98,750)	¥ (39,960)	¥ (11,467)	¥ -	¥ -	¥(150,177)
			Thousands of	U.S. dollars		
Accumulated depreciation	Buildings and	Machinery, equipment	Tools, furniture	Land	Construction in progress	Total
and impairment losses	structures	and vehicles	and fixtures		1 0	

Depreciation recognized for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are included in "Cost of sales" and "Selling, general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognized for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are included in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Expenditures related to items of property, plant and equipment under construction are included in construction in progress in the above tables.

The amounts of additions to property, plant and equipment that have been committed but not executed as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are \pm 1,067 million (\$8,718 thousand) and \pm 5,414 million, respectively.

13. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

(a) Changes

The following tables show the changes in the net carrying amount, gross carrying amount, and accumulated amortization and impairment losses of goodwill and intangible assets.

	Millions of yen							
	Intangible assets							
Net carrying amount	Goodwill	Customer- related intangible assets	Software	Other	Total			
April 1, 2020	¥24,112	¥15,847	¥5,364	¥3,186	¥24,397			
Internal developments	-	-	1,873	-	1,873			
Purchases	-	-	1,069	13	1,082			
Amortization	-	(2,060)	(1,842)	(190)	(4,092)			
Disposals	-	-	(63)	(12)	(75)			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	414	268	8	378	654			
Other	702	(32)	(12)	29	(15)			
March 31, 2021	¥25,228	¥14,023	¥6,397	¥3,404	¥23,824			
Internal developments	-	-	2,630	-	2,630			
Purchases	-	-	1,699	3	1,702			
Amortization	-	(2,087)	(2,074)	(165)	(4,326)			
Impairment losses	-	-	(1)	-	(1)			
Disposals	-	-	(101)	(13)	(114)			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	653	185	12	205	402			
Other	-	(25)	(9)	(2,813)	(2,847)			
March 31, 2022	¥ 25,881	¥12,096	¥8,553	¥621	¥21,270			

	Thousands of U.S. dollars							
	Intangible assets							
Net carrying amount	Goodwill	Customer- related intangible assets	Software	Other	Total			
March 31, 2021	\$206,128	\$114,576	\$52,267	\$27,813	\$194,656			
Internal developments	-	-	21,489	-	21,489			
Purchases	-	-	13,882	25	13,906			
Amortization	-	(17,052)	(16,946)	(1,348)	(35,346)			
Impairment losses	-	-	(8)	-	(8)			
Disposals	-	-	(825)	(106)	(931)			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	5,335	1,512	98	1,675	3,285			
Other	-	(204)	(74)	(22,984)	(23,262)			
March 31, 2022	\$211,463	\$98,832	\$69,883	\$5,074	\$173,789			

	Millions of yen						
			Intangible	assets			
Gross carrying amount	Goodwill	Customer- related intangible assets	Software	Other	Total		
April 1, 2020	¥33,744	¥41,175	¥21,860	¥3,916	¥66,951		
March 31, 2021	35,058	41,693	23,062	4,397	69,152		
March 31, 2022	¥36,190	¥42,148	¥26,921	¥713	¥69,782		

		Thou	sands of U.S. dollar	S	
			Intangible	assets	
Gross carrying amount	Goodwill	Customer- related intangible assets	Software	Other	Total
March 31, 2022	\$295,694	\$344,375	\$219,961	\$5,826	\$570,161

	Millions of yen						
_			Intangible	assets			
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Goodwill	Customer- related intangible assets	Software	Other	Total		
April 1, 2020	¥(9,632)	¥ (25,328)	¥ (16,496)	¥(730)	¥ (42,554)		
March 31, 2021	(9,830)	(27,670)	(16,665)	(993)	(45,328)		
March 31, 2022	¥(10,309)	¥ (30,052)	¥ (18,368)	¥ (92)	¥ (48,512)		

		Tho	usands of U.S. dolla	ars	
-			Intangible	assets	
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	Goodwill	Customer- related intangible assets	Software	Other	Total
March 31, 2022	\$(84,231)	\$(245,543)	\$(150,078)	\$(752)	\$(396,372)

Of intangible assets, the net carrying amount of assets under finance lease as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 is ¥15 million (\$123 thousand) and ¥18 million, respectively, and included in software.

Amortization expenses recognized for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are included in "Cost of sales" and "Selling, general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognized for the year ended March 31, 2022 is included in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. There are no reversals of impairment losses for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

The net carrying amount of internally generated intangible assets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to ¥5,354 million (\$43,745 thousand) and ¥4,136 million, respectively, and is included in software.

Research and development expenses recognized for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are ¥448 million (\$3,660 thousand) and ¥670 million, respectively, and included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(b) Impairment Test on Goodwill

As a general rule, the Group considers a CGU to be a business unit that is managed for internal reporting purposes. The recoverable amount per CGU is calculated based on value in use. Value in use is mainly calculated by the estimated future cash flows based on business plans approved by management, discounted at the discount rate which is derived from the weighted average cost of capital. The business plan used is based on external information, reflects historical experiences, and generally has a maximum of five years. Estimated future cash flows beyond the period covered by the business plan are calculated using the estimated growth rate not exceeding the long-tern average growth rate of the market to which the CGU belongs.

Significant goodwill of the Group is as follows:

	Millions	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
Group of CGUs	As of March 31, 2022	As of March 31, 2021	As of March 31, 2022	Growth rate	Discount rate
VANTEC CORPORATION, domestic logistics operations	¥6,140	¥6,140	\$50,167	1.0%	5.1%
VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD.	¥5,065	¥5,065	\$41,384	1.0%	10.2%
Mars Lojistik Grup Anonim Sirketi	¥4,207	¥3,995	\$34,374	2.0%	9.9%

For VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD., the significant assumptions used in estimating the value in use are the estimated future cash flows based on the business plan, the terminal growth rate and the discount rate. Also, the business plan is affected mainly by the number of orders, handling volume and market growth rates. Especially, the number of orders and handling volume are affected mainly by changes in customers' supply chains such as demand for product portfolio, procurement methods, and manufacturing sites of major customers. VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD. did not recognize impairment losses as the total discounted future cash flows to be generated from this group of CGUs exceeded the carrying amount but may recognize impairment loss if the discount rate, which is a major assumption used for the impairment test, rises by 1.1%.

For other material goodwill, since the recoverable amount of the groups of CGUs sufficiently exceeds the carrying amount, the Group considers that it is unlikely that the recoverable amount of the group of CGUs would fall below the carrying amount even if major assumptions change within a reasonable range.

14. Deferred Taxes and Income Taxes

The components of income taxes recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and deferred taxes recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Millions	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2022	2021	2022
Income taxes			
Current tax expense	¥11,434	¥19,430	\$93,423
Deferred tax expense			
Temporary differences originated and reversed	(2,592)	(4,017)	(21,178)
Changes in realizability of deferred tax assets	1,167	(233)	9,535
Total deferred tax expense	(1,425)	(4,250)	(11,643)
Total	¥10,009	¥15,180	\$81,780
Deferred taxes recognized in OCI			
Net changes in financial assets measured at fair value through OCI	¥(358)	¥179	\$(2,925)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	16	85	131
Foreign currency translation adjustments	-	(4)	-
Net changes in cash flow hedges	2	1	16
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	6	-
Total	¥(340)	¥267	\$(2,778)

The Company and its domestic subsidiaries are principally subject to national corporate tax, inhabitant tax and business tax, and the combined statutory income tax rate calculated based on them for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 is 30.6%. Overseas subsidiaries of the Company are subject to corporate taxes and other taxes in their locations.

The Company and its certain domestic subsidiaries apply the consolidated taxation system.

Reconciliations between the combined statutory income tax rate and the average effective income tax rate for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	2022	2021
Combined statutory income tax rate	30.6%	30.6%
Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes	3.3	2.5
Changes in realizability of deferred tax assets	4.7	(0.6)
Differences in tax rates applied to overseas subsidiaries	0.1	(0.3)
Gain on sale of equity method investment and reversal of deferred tax liabilities related to undistributed profits due to the sale	-	6.1
Other, net	1.9	0.5
Average effective income tax rate	40.6%	38.8%

	Millions of yen			
	March 31, 2021	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in OCI (Note)	March 31, 2022
Deferred tax assets				
Lease liabilities	¥82,799	¥(1,835)	¥-	¥80,964
Accrued bonuses	3,132	41	-	3,173
Retirement and severance benefits	10,547	708	69	11,324
Depreciation	1,789	(91)	-	1,698
Other	5,108	229	149	5,486
Total deferred tax assets	¥103,375	¥(948)	¥218	¥102,645
Deferred tax liabilities				
Right-of-use assets	¥(81,370)	¥1,933	¥-	¥(79,437)
Deferred profit on sale of properties	(5,940)	75	-	(5,865)
Valuation differences due to business combinations	(3,889)	582	(39)	(3,346)
Net defined benefit assets	(1,249)	(64)	91	(1,222)
FVTOCI financial assets	(1,114)	-	361	(753)
Depreciation	(1,818)	(851)	(1)	(2,670)
Other	(3,730)	698	(267)	(3,299)
Total deferred tax liabilities	¥(99,110)	¥2,373	¥145	¥(96,592)
Net deferred tax assets	¥4,265	¥1,425	¥363	¥6,053

Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

(Note) The difference between the total amount recognized in OCI and deferred taxes recognized in OCI is due to fluctuations in exchange rates.

	Millions of yen			
	March 31, 2020	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in OCI (Note)	March 31, 202
Deferred tax assets				
Lease liabilities	¥76,970	¥5,829	¥ -	¥82,799
Accrued bonuses	2,829	303	-	3,132
Retirement and severance benefits	9,855	1,178	(486)	10,547
Depreciation	1,871	(82)	-	1,789
Other	3,933	769	406	5,108
Total deferred tax assets	¥95,458	¥7,997	¥(80)	¥103,375
Deferred tax liabilities				
Right-of-use assets	¥(74,362)	¥(7,008)	¥-	¥(81,370)
Deferred profit on sale of properties	(6,071)	131	-	(5,940)
Valuation differences due to business combinations	(4,421)	584	(52)	(3,889)
Net defined benefit assets	(969)	(681)	401	(1,249)
FVTOCI financial assets	(935)	-	(179)	(1,114)
Depreciation	(2,557)	789	(50)	(1,818)
Other	(6,143)	2,438	(25)	(3,730)
Total deferred tax liabilities	¥(95,458)	¥(3,747)	¥95	¥(99,110)
Net deferred tax assets	¥-	¥4,250	¥15	¥4,265

(Note) The difference between the total amount recognized in OCI and deferred taxes recognized in OCI is due to fluctuations in exchange rates.

	Thousands of U.S. dollars			
	March 31, 2021	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in OCI (Note)	March 31, 2022
Deferred tax assets				
Lease liabilities	\$676,518	\$ (14,993)	\$-	\$661,525
Accrued bonuses	25,590	335	-	25,925
Retirement and severance benefits	86,175	5,785	564	92,524
Depreciation	14,617	(744)	-	13,874
Other	41,735	1,871	1,217	44,824
Total deferred tax assets	\$844,636	\$(7,746)	\$1,781	\$838,671
Deferred tax liabilities				
Right-of-use assets	\$(664,842)	\$15,794	\$-	\$(649,048)
Deferred profit on sale of properties	(48,533)	613	-	(47,921)
Valuation differences due to business combinations	(31,775)	4,755	(319)	(27,339)
Net defined benefit assets	(10,205)	(523)	744	(9,984)
FVTOCI financial assets	(9,102)	-	2,950	(6,152)
Depreciation	(14,854)	(6,953)	(8)	(21,816)
Other	(30,476)	5,703	(2,182)	(26,955)
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$(809,788)	\$19,389	\$1,185	\$(789,215)
Net deferred tax assets	\$34,848	\$11,643	\$2,966	\$49,457

(Note) The difference between the total amount recognized in OCI and deferred taxes recognized in OCI is due to fluctuations in exchange rates.

Deferred tax liabilities are not recognized for temporary differences where the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is unlikely that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future. Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries and associates for which deferred tax liabilities are not recognized are ¥43,122 million (\$352,333 thousand) and ¥31,469 million for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Unrecognized deferred tax liabilities are not calculated because it is impracticable.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, the Group considers the scheduled reversals of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning. As a result of the assessment, the Group has not recorded deferred tax assets for certain future deductible temporary differences and net operating loss carryforwards.

Future deductible temporary differences and net operating loss carryforwards for which deferred tax assets are not recognized are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Future deductible temporary differences	¥3,274	¥4,268	\$26,751
Net operating loss carryforwards	1,605	849	13,114
Tax credit carryforwards	45	28	368
Total	¥4,924	¥5,145	\$40,232

Net operating loss carryforwards for which deferred tax assets are not recognized will expire as follows:

	Millions	Millions of yen	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Within five years	¥65	¥65	\$531
Over five years through ten years	1,223	496	9,993
Over ten years	317	288	2,590
Total	¥1,605	¥849	\$13,114

15. Trade Payables

The components of trade payables are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Notes payable and electronically recorded monetary obligations	¥421	¥1,780	\$3,440
Accounts payable	54,140	49,953	442,356
Total	¥54,561	¥51,733	\$445,796

16. Provisions

The components and changes in the balance of provisions included in "Other current liabilities" and "Non-current liabilities" for the year ended March 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Millio	ns of yen
	Provision for loss by fire	Asset retirement obligations
April 1, 2021	¥-	¥2,534
Additions	6,423	27
Utilized for intended purpose	-	(36)
Unwinding of discounts	-	33
Others	-	(2)
March 31, 2022	¥6,423	¥2,556
Current liabilities	¥6,423	¥5
Non-current liabilities	¥-	¥2,551

	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	Provision for loss by fire	Asset retirement obligations	
April 1, 2021	\$-	\$20,704	
Additions	52,480	221	
Utilized for intended purpose	-	(294)	
Unwinding of discounts	-	270	
Others	_	(16)	
March 31, 2022	\$52,480	\$20,884	
Current liabilities	\$52,480	\$41	
Non-current liabilities	\$-	\$20,843	

(a) Provision for loss by fire

For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group recognized provision for loss by fire in the amount of estimated potential future losses to prepare for losses related to rental properties, including costs to dismantle and remove the buildings burned in the fire which occurred at our consolidated subsidiary, and the payments to customers and other affected parties. While part of the losses is expected to be covered by insurance, it is not yet known how much of and when insurance proceeds will be received for the year ending March 31, 2023 and thereafter.

(b) Asset retirement obligations

For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group recognized asset retirement obligations in the amount of expected future expenditures based on the third party estimates to prepare for its obligations to restore logistics centers and other facilities used by the Group to their original states. The timing of outflow of economic benefits is principally expected to be later than one year from March 31, 2022, however, the expected amount or timing may change due to factors including future business plans.

17. Employee Benefits

(a) Retirement and Severance Benefits

The Company and its certain consolidated subsidiaries have funded defined benefit corporate pension plans and unfunded severance lump-sum payment plans as the defined benefit plans.

The benefits of the defined benefit corporate pension plans and unfunded severance lump-sum payment plans are calculated based on factors such as employees' salary levels, service years and points corresponding to job positions and groups. Additional termination benefits may be paid to employees in case of their early retirement.

The main defined benefit corporate pension plans are managed by the HTS Group Corporate Pension Fund. The Company and its certain consolidated subsidiaries make contributions to the HTS Group Corporate Pension Fund to provide for expenses to operate business related to benefit payments. The bylaws of the HTS Group Corporate Pension Fund stipulates that the amount of contributions shall be recalculated every five years with the end of the relevant fiscal year as a record date in accordance with provisions of the Japanese Defined Benefit Corporate Pension Plan Act in order to maintain the fiscal balance into the future. The contributions are reviewed taking into account basic assumptions for the Fund's finance, including expected interest rates, mortality rates, and withdrawal rate. The operation of pension plans such as payments of contributions and management of pension funds are managed by trust banks and insurance companies, etc.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries have adopted defined contribution pension plans and have enrolled in the Smaller Enterprise Retirement Allowance Mutual Aid System.

	Million	Millions of yen	
	2022	2021	2022
Defined benefit obligations at beginning of year	¥53,404	¥50,474	\$436,343
Service cost	3,579	3,072	29,243
Interest cost	272	310	2,222
Actuarial gains or losses	197	1,078	1,610
Prior service cost	1,493	680	12,199
Benefits paid	(2,906)	(2,418)	(23,744)
Change in scope of consolidation	-	344	-
Other	484	(136)	3,955
Defined benefit obligations at end of year	¥56,523	¥53,404	\$461,827

Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

For the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, prior service cost mainly represents an increase in present value of defined benefit obligations at the Company's certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries associated with the revision of the defined benefit plans primarily to introduce a point system based on job positions and groups and review the benefit curve. Prior service cost is recognized in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

	Million	Millions of yen	
	2022	2021	2022
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	¥20,386	¥18,929	\$166,566
Interest income	184	140	1,503
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	265	1,376	2,165
Employers' contributions	521	519	4,257
Employees' contributions	-	7	-
Benefits paid	(809)	(610)	(6,610)
Change in scope of consolidation	-	168	-
Other	513	(143)	4,192
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	¥21,060	¥20,386	\$172,073

The components of actuarial gains or losses are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Arising from changes in financial assumptions	¥(617)	¥1,106	\$(5,041)
Arising from changes in demographic assumptions	11	(12)	90
Other	¥803	¥ (16)	\$6,561

The amounts related to the defined benefit plan recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	Millions	Millions of yen	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Present value of funded defined benefit obligations	¥17,132	¥16,385	\$139,979
Fair value of plan assets	(21,060)	(20,386)	(172,073)
Sub-total	(3,928)	(4,001)	(32,094)
Present value of unfunded defined benefit obligations	39,391	37,019	321,848
Net asset and liability in the consolidated statement of financial position	35,463	33,018	289,754
Net defined benefit assets (other non-current assets)	(3,973)	(4,053)	(32,462)
Retirement and severance benefits	¥39,436	¥37,071	\$322,216

The Company and all consolidated subsidiaries measure the defined benefit obligations and plan assets at the end of the fiscal year. Major assumptions used in the actuarial calculations (weighted average) are as follows:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Discount rate	0.6%	0.5%

An increase or decrease of 0.5% in the discount rate would have affected the defined benefit obligations as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
0.5% increase	¥(2,850)	¥(2,648)	\$(23,286)
0.5% decrease	¥ 2,95 7	¥ 2,819	\$ 24,160

The sensitivity analysis is based on an assumption that all other variables are held constant, but in reality, changes in other assumptions may impact the outcome of the analysis.

The weighted average duration (expected average maturity) of defined benefit obligations is as follows:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Duration	12.1 Years	12.5 Years

For the year ending March 31, 2023, the Company and its certain consolidated subsidiaries expect to make a contribution of ¥770 million (\$6,291 thousand) to the defined benefit pension plan.

The fair value of plan assets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Millions of yen		
	March 31, 2022		
	With quoted market price in an active market	With no quoted market price in an active market	Total
Life insurance general accounts	¥-	¥12,281	¥12,281
Commingled funds	-	5,747	5,747
Other	103	2,929	3,032
Total	¥103	¥20,95 7	¥21,060

		Millions of yen	
		March 31, 2021	
	With quoted market price in an active market	With no quoted market price in an active market	Total
Life insurance general accounts	¥-	¥12,325	¥12,325
Commingled funds	-	5,594	5,594
Other	134	2,333	2,467
Total	¥134	¥20,252	¥20,386

	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	March 31, 2022		
	With quoted market price in an active market	With no quoted market price in an active market	Total
Life insurance general accounts	\$-	\$100,343	\$100,343
Commingled funds	-	46,956	46,956
Other	842	23,932	24,773
Total	\$842	\$171,231	\$172,073

For life insurance general accounts, insurance companies provide guarantees for certain expected interest rates and principals.

Commingled funds represent pooled institutional investments. As of March 31, 2022, commingled funds are allocated to 33% in listed stocks, 60% in bonds and 7% in other assets. As of March 31, 2021, commingled funds are allocated to 40% in listed stocks, 56% in bonds and 4% in other assets.

The Group's management policy for plan assets is to secure stable returns in the mid to long-term for ensuring future payments of defined benefit obligations pursuant to internal regulations. The target rate of returns and the investment ratio by investment assets are established within the acceptable risk range every fiscal year, and plan assets are managed according to such ratio. When the investment ratio is reviewed, the Group considers introducing plan assets that are closely related to changes in defined benefit obligations.

In the event an unexpected situation arises in the market environment, temporary weight adjustments of risk assets are allowed in accordance with the internal regulations.

Contributions to defined contribution plans recognized as an expense in profit or loss by certain consolidated subsidiaries for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are ¥965 million (\$7,885 thousand) and ¥935 million, respectively.

(b) Employee Benefit Expenses

The aggregated amounts of employee benefit expenses recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were ¥168,815 million (\$1,379,320 thousand) and ¥161,061 million, respectively.

18. Equity

(a) Common Stock

The following table shows changes in the total number of authorized shares and issued shares outstanding of the Company during the year:

	Number of shares	
	(shares)	
	2022 2021	
Total number of authorized shares	292,000,000	292,000,000
Issued shares outstanding		
Balance at beginning of year	111,776,714	111,776,714
Cancellation of treasury stock	(27,675,000)	-
Balance at end of year	84,101,714	111,776,714

All shares issued by the Company are non-par value common stock and fully paid up.

Treasury stock cancelled during the year ended March 31, 2022 consists of 6,975,786 shares cancelled on June 4, 2021 and 20,699,214 shares on September 3, 2021 pursuant to the resolutions at the Board of Directors meetings held on May 20 and August 19, 2021 based on provisions of Article 178 of the Companies Act.

(b) Surplus

(i) Retained earnings

The Companies Act of Japan requires that ten percent of retained earnings appropriated for dividends be retained until the total amount of capital reserve and earned reserves included in retained earnings reaches a quarter of the nominal value of common stock. Earned reserves may be available for dividends by resolution at the shareholders' meeting.

The amount available for dividends by the Company under the Companies Act of Japan is calculated based on the amount of retained earnings, etc. in the Company's accounting books prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan.

(ii) Written put options over non-controlling interests

The Group recognizes written put options over subsidiary's shares granted to holders of non-controlling interests as financial liabilities at present value of redemption value calculated by discounting future cash flows and deducts the difference between non-controlling interests from capital surplus or retained earnings, with changes subsequent to initial recognized in capital surplus or retained earnings.

The present value of redemption value of financial liabilities is disclosed in Note 27. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures.

(c) Treasury stock

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The following table shows changes in treasury stock during the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

	Number of shares (shares)		
	2022	2021	
Balance at beginning of year	28,088,745	227,790	
Acquisition of treasury stock	385	27,860,955	
Cancellation of treasury stock	(27,675,000)	-	
Sale of treasury stock	(900)	-	
Balance at end of year	413,230	28,088,745	

Treasury stock acquired during the year ended March 31, 2021 consists mostly of 27,675,000 shares (¥98,994 million) acquired pursuant to the resolution at the Board of Directors meeting held on September 24, 2020. The acquisition cost of treasury stock includes costs directly attributable to the acquisition (net of tax).

As a result, the number and carrying amount of treasury stock as of March 31, 2021 were 28,088,745 shares and ¥99,817 million, respectively.

Treasury stock cancelled during the year ended March 31, 2022 consists of 6,975,786 shares cancelled on June 4, 2021 and 20,699,214 shares on September 3, 2021 pursuant to the resolutions at the Board of Directors meetings held on May 20 and August 19, 2021 based on provisions of Article 178 of the Companies Act.

As a result, the number and carrying amount of treasury stock as of March 31, 2022 are 413,230 shares and ¥821 million (\$6,708 thousand), respectively.

19. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI) and Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

Components of AOCI, net of related tax effects, presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2022	2021	2022
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI			
Balance at beginning of year	¥2,349	¥1,903	\$19,193
OCI	(748)	454	(6,112)
Changes in liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests	1	4	8
Reclassified into retained earnings	(1)	(12)	(8)
Balance at end of year	¥1,601	¥2,349	\$13,081
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			
Balance at beginning of year	¥ (1,710)	¥ (1,837)	\$ (13,972)
OCI	67	166	547
Reclassified to retained earnings	-	(39)	-
Balance at end of year	¥ (1,643)	¥(1,710)	\$ (13,424)
Foreign currency translation adjustments			
Balance at beginning of year	¥1,232	¥ (4,620)	\$10,066
OCI	7,559	5,678	61,762
Net transfer to non-controlling interests	15	(108)	123
Changes in liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests	283	282	2,312
Balance at end of year	¥9,089	¥1,232	\$74,263
Net changes in cash flow hedges			
Balance at beginning of year	¥4	¥ 2	\$33
OCI	8	2	65
Balance at end of year	¥12	¥ 4	\$98
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method			
Balance at beginning of year	¥ (14)	¥ (35)	\$ (114)
OCI	117	38	956
Reclassified into retained earnings	-	(17)	-
Balance at end of year	¥103	¥ (14)	\$842
Total accumulated other comprehensive income			
Balance at beginning of year	¥1,861	¥ (4,587)	\$15,205
OCI	7,003	6,338	57,219
Net transfer to non-controlling interests	15	(108)	123
Reclassified into retained earnings	(1)	(68)	(8)
Changes in liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests	284	286	2,320
Balance at end of year	¥9,162	¥1,861	\$74,859

The following shows a reconciliation of OCI, including non-controlling interests, to profit or loss items and deferred tax effect on each component of OCI for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

	Ν	1illions of yen	
		2022	
	Before tax	Tax effect	After tax
OCI arising during the year:			
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI	¥(1,105)	¥358	¥(747)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	68	(16)	52
Foreign currency translation adjustments	7,847	112	7,959
Net changes in cash flow hedges	26	(6)	20
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method	117	-	117
Total	¥6,953	¥448	¥7,401
Reconciliation of OCI to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	¥286	¥ (112)	¥174
Net changes in cash flow hedges	(16)	4	(12)
Total	¥270	¥ (108)	¥162
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments:			
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI	¥ (1,105)	¥358	¥ (747)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	68	(16)	52
Foreign currency translation adjustments	8,133	-	8,133
Net changes in cash flow hedges	10	(2)	8
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method	117	-	117
Total	¥7,223	¥340	¥7,563
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments, attributable to non- controlling interests:			
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI			¥1
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			(15)
Foreign currency translation adjustments			574
Total			¥560
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments, attributable to stockholders of			
the parent company: Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI			¥(748)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			¥(748) 67
Foreign currency translation adjustments			7,559
Net changes in cash flow hedges			8
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method			3 117
Total		-	¥7,003
10(2)			₹/,003

HITACHI TRANSPORT SYSTEM, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	Ν	Aillions of yen		
-	2021			
-	Before tax	Tax effect	After tax	
OCI arising during the year:				
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI	¥654	¥(179)	¥475	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	298	(85)	213	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	6,270	4	6,274	
Net changes in cash flow hedges	6	(2)	4	
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method	44	(6)	38	
Total	¥7,272	¥ (268)	¥7,004	
Reconciliation of OCI to profit or loss:				
Net changes in cash flow hedges	¥ (3)	¥1	¥ (2)	
Total	¥ (3)	¥1	¥ (2)	
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments:				
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI	¥654	¥ (179)	¥475	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	298	(85)	213	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	6,270	4	6,274	
Net changes in cash flow hedges	3	(1)	2	
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method	44	(6)	38	
Total	¥7,269	¥(267)	¥7,002	
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments, attributable to non- controlling interests:				
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI			¥21	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			47	
Foreign currency translation adjustments			596	
Total			¥664	
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments, attributable to stockholders of the parent company:		-		
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI			¥454	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			166	
Foreign currency translation adjustments			5,678	
Net changes in cash flow hedges			2	
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method		_	38	
Total			¥6,338	

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	Thous	ands of U.S. dolla	rs	
	2022			
	Before tax	Tax effect	After tax	
OCI arising during the year:				
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI	\$(9,029)	\$2,925	\$(6,103)	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	556	(131)	425	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	64,115	915	65,030	
Net changes in cash flow hedges	212	(49)	163	
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method	956	-	956	
Total	\$56,810	\$3,660	\$60,471	
Reconciliation of OCI to profit or loss:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$2,337	\$ (915)	\$1,422	
Net changes in cash flow hedges	(131)	33	(98)	
Total	\$2,206	\$ (882)	\$1,324	
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments:				
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI	\$ (9,029)	\$2,925	\$ (6,103)	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	556	(131)	425	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	66,452	-	66,452	
Net changes in cash flow hedges	82	(16)	65	
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method	956	-	956	
Total	\$59,016	\$2,778	\$61,794	
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments, attributable to non- controlling interests:				
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI			\$8	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			(123)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments			4,690	
Total			\$4,576	
OCI, net of reclassification adjustments, attributable to stockholders of				
the parent company:			P((113)	
Net changes in financial assets measured at FVTOCI			\$(6,112)	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			547	
Foreign currency translation adjustments			61,762	
Net changes in cash flow hedges			65	
Share of OCI of investments accounted for using the equity method		_	956	
Total			\$57,219	

20. Dividends

Dividends paid for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Resolution	Type of shares	Cash dividends (Millions of yen)	Cash dividends per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
The Board of Directors on May 22, 2020	Ordinary shares	¥2,454	¥22	March 31, 2020	June 4, 2020
The Board of Directors on October 27, 2020	Ordinary shares	¥1,841	¥22	September 30, 2020	November 30, 2020
The Board of Directors on December 25, 2020	Ordinary shares	¥4	¥22	September 30, 2020	November 30, 2020
The Board of Directors on May 20, 2021	Ordinary shares	¥2,348	¥28	March 31, 2021	June 2, 2021
The Board of Directors on October 26, 2021	Ordinary shares	¥2,348	¥28	September 30, 2021	November 26, 2021
Resolution	Type of shares	Cash dividends (Thousands of U.S. dollars)	Cash dividends per share (U.S. dollars)	Record date	Effective date
The Board of Directors on May 20, 2021	Ordinary shares	\$19,185	\$0.23	March 31, 2021	June 2, 2021
The Board of Directors on October 26, 2021	Ordinary shares	\$19,185	\$0.23	September 30, 2021	November 26, 2021

Notes: 1. The total amount of dividends resolved at the Board of Directors meeting held on December 25, 2020 represents dividends of ¥4 million for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account) as trust assets under the performance-linked stock compensation plan.

 The total amount of dividends resolved at the Board of Directors meetings held on May 20 and October 26, 2021 includes dividends of ¥5 million (\$41 thousand) for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account) as trust assets under the performance-linked stock compensation plan.

Dividends whose record date falls in the year ended March 31, 2022 but the effective date falls in the next fiscal year are as follows:

Resolution	Type of shares	Cash dividends (Millions of yen)	Appropriation from	Cash dividends per share (yen)	Record date	Effective date
The Board of Directors on May 19, 2022	Ordinary shares	¥2,348	Retained earnings	¥28	March 31, 2022	June 2, 2022
Resolution	Type of shares	Cash dividends (Thousands of U.S. dollars)	Appropriation from	Cash dividends per share (U.S. dollars)	Record date	Effective date
The Board of Directors on May 19, 2022	Ordinary shares	\$19,185	Retained earnings	\$0.23	March 31, 2022	June 2, 2022

(Note) The total amount of dividends resolved at the Board of Directors meeting held on May 19, 2022 includes dividends of ¥5 million (\$41 thousand) for the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account) as trust assets under the performance-linked stock compensation plan.

21. Revenue

(a) Disaggregation of Revenue

Revenue of the Group is generated mainly from contracts with customers and the details of revenue disaggregated by location are as follows:

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2022	2021	2022
Japan	¥481,129	¥471,915	\$3,931,114
North America	59,390	41,744	485,252
Europe	85,594	62,770	699,355
Asia	57,171	38,992	467,121
China	62,108	41,080	507,460
Oceania and other	5,153	4,697	42,103
Adjustment	(6,933)	(8,818)	(56,647)
Total	¥743,612	¥652,380	\$6,075,758

As major transactions in each region are contained within the region, the location of revenue and the destination are same. However, some transactions in the forwarding business of global logistics have a different location of revenues from the destination because the business offers comprehensive logistics services such as international intermodal transportation, resulting in a difference between the figures in disaggregation of revenue and those in Note 5. Segment Information (b) Geographic Information.

The Group operates logistics businesses with main focuses on the 3PL business, forwarding business and automobile business in each location.

In the 3PL business, the Group provides comprehensive logistics services, including establishment of domestic logistics systems, information control, inventory control, orders control, processing for distribution, distribution center operation, factory logistics, and transportation and delivery. If the contract stipulates that a performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when stored goods are delivered, etc., the Group recognizes revenue when the work is completed and stored goods are delivered. If the contract stipulates provision of service over a certain period, the Group recognizes revenue based on the time elapsed. The 3PL business operates in all locations. The payment conditions are those applied in arm's length transactions primarily within one year, and there are no material transactions with installment payments, etc.

In the forwarding business, the Group provides comprehensive logistics services, including international intermodal transportation by land, sea and air. As it can be determined that, in this business, another entity would not need to substantially re-perform the work that we have completed to date, revenue from sea transportation is recognized based on the calculation based on the progress in terms of distance to the destination and term. Revenue from international trading service is recognized upon completion of service as the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when provision of services is completed. Forwarding business operates in all locations. The payment conditions are those applied in arm's length transactions primarily within one year, and there are no material transactions with installment payments, etc.

In the Automobile business, the Group provides supply chain management in the automobile parts logistics such as transportation between multiple companies, storage, factory logistics, information control and inventory control. If the contract stipulates that a performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when stored goods are delivered, etc., the Group recognizes revenue when the work is completed and stored goods are delivered. If the contract stipulates provision of service over a certain period, the Group recognizes revenue based on the time elapsed. The Automobile business operates in all locations except Oceania and other. The payment conditions are those applied in arm's length transactions primarily within one year, and there are no material transactions with installment payments, etc.

(b) Information on Outstanding Contract Balances

The details of outstanding contract balances arising from contracts with customers are as follows:

	Millions of yen			
	2022 2021			1
	April 1	March 31	April 1	March 31
Receivables arising from contracts with customers	¥122,571	¥131,051	¥114,589	¥122,571
Contract assets	1,110	811	830	1,110
Total	¥123,681	¥131,862	¥115,419	¥123,681
Contract liabilities	¥1,105	¥1,967	¥1,193	¥1,105

	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	2022 April 1 March 31		
Receivables arising from contracts with customers	\$1,001,479	\$1,070,766	
Contract assets	9,069	6,626	
Total	\$1,010,548	\$1,077,392	
Contract liabilities	\$9,029	\$16,072	

Contract assets mainly in the 3PL business represent the Group's conditional right to consideration related to performance obligation which is partly satisfied at the reporting date. Contract assets are reclassified to receivables when the conditions are satisfied.

Contract liabilities mainly in the 3PL business represent the Group's obligation to transfer services to customers based on contracts with the customers for which the Group has received consideration. Contract liabilities are derecognized when the performance obligations under the contracts are satisfied.

The amount of revenue recognized during the year ended March 31, 2022 which was included in the opening balance of contract liabilities is immaterial. Furthermore, the amount of revenue recognized during the year ended March 31, 2022 from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods is immaterial.

Receivables arising from contracts with customers and contract assets are included in "Trade receivables and contract assets," and contract liabilities are included in "Other current liabilities" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(c) Transaction Price Allocated to the Remaining Performance Obligations

In the 3PL business, the Group generally issues invoices to customers on a monthly basis for the amount incurred consisting of the fixed amount and the variable amount determined by multiplying handling volume by the unit price provided in the contract. They correspond directly to the value of logistics service transferred to customers. Therefore, in the 3PL business, the Group is entitled to receive consideration from customers at an amount directly corresponding to the logistics services provided and recognizes revenue for the amount it is entitled to bill. Accordingly, the Group applied the practical expedient and omitted the disclosure of the information on the remaining performance obligations.

In the forwarding business and the automobile business, there are no individual transactions with an expected contract period exceeding one year, and therefore the Group applied the practical expedient and omitted the disclosure of the information on the remaining performance obligations.

There is no significant consideration from contracts with customers that is not included in the transaction price.

22. Other Income and Expenses

The major components of other income and expenses for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

(a) Other Income

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2022	2021	2022
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	¥298	¥2,970	\$2,435
Government subsidy	476	1,574	3,889
Insurance proceeds	429	50	3,505
Gain on sale of investments in associates	-	4,945	-
Other	868	1,248	7,092
Total	¥2,071	¥10,787	\$16,921

(i) Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment

Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 represents a gain recognized from sale of land for business use, etc. by the Company and its certain consolidated subsidiaries mainly to improve asset efficiency.

(ii) Government subsidy

Government subsidy for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 consists mostly of subsidy granted by national and local governments in connection with the impact of COVID-19.

(iii) Insurance proceeds

Insurance proceeds for the year ended March 31, 2022 consists mostly of the insurance payment received of ¥352 million (\$2,876 thousand) in relation to the fire at our consolidated subsidiary.

(iv) Gain on sale of investments in associates

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company transferred all shares of SAGAWA EXPRESS CO., LTD., which had been a material associate accounted for using the equity method, to SG Holdings Co., Ltd. As a result, the ratio of the Company's equity interest in SAGAWA EXPRESS CO., LTD. decreased from 20% to 0% resulting in a loss of significant influence over the company, and accordingly the application of the equity method was discontinued. Gain on sale of investments in associates recognized as a result of such treatment was ¥4,945 million.

(Change in presentation)

"Insurance proceeds" which was included in "Other" for the year ended March 31, 2021 is presented separately for the year ended March 31, 2022 as the amount became material. To reflect this change in presentation, Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 were reclassified.

As a result, ¥1,298 million which was presented as "Other" in the Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 was reclassified to "Insurance proceeds" (¥50 million) and "Other" (¥1,248 million).

(b) Other Expenses

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2022	2021	2022
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	¥(78)	¥(197)	\$(637)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(543)	(609)	(4,437)
Impairment losses	(4)	(1,339)	(33)
Loss by fire	(7,294)	-	(59,596)
Loss on revision of retirement benefit plan	(1,493)	(828)	(12,199)
Business structural reform expenses	(308)	(487)	(2,517)
Loss due to COVID-19	-	(1,631)	-
Other	(309)	(1,357)	(2,525)
Total	¥(10,029)	¥(6,448)	\$(81,943)

(i) Impairment losses

Impairment loss for the year ended March 31, 2021 mainly relates to investments in HTB-BCD Travel Ltd. mainly engaging in travel agency service. As the future cash flows assumed was no longer expected because the company's business environment changed due to COVID-19, the carrying amount was reduced to its recoverable amount and impairment loss on investments accounted for using the equity method was recognized in the amount of ¥863 million. Impairment losses were recognized for the total outstanding balance of investments in HTB-BCD Travel Limited accounted for using the equity method during the year ended March 31, 2021. The recoverable amounts were calculated based on value in use by discounting future cash flows at a pretax discount rate (10.5%).

(ii) Loss by fire

Loss by fire for the year ended March 31, 2022 mainly consists of provision for loss by fire and loss on disposal of fixed assets for property, plant and equipment destroyed or burned, which were recorded due to the fire at our consolidated subsidiary. Provision for loss by fire includes loss related to rental properties, including costs to dismantle and remove the buildings burned, and the payments to customers and other affected parties that can be reasonably estimated.

(iii) Loss on revision of retirement benefit plan

Loss on revision of retirement benefit plan for the year ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was recognized as certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries revised their defined benefit plans and the resulting increase in the present value of defined benefit obligations was recognized as past service costs.

(iv) Business structural reform expenses

Business structural reform expenses were mainly special severance payments for the year ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

(v) Loss due to COVID-19

Loss due to COVID-19 for the year ended March 31, 2021 mainly relates to fixed costs (e.g. labor cost, depreciation) incurred at certain locations of customers and the Group due to suspension of operations in response to various COVID-19-related requests by national and local governments during the period of such suspension.

23. Financial Income and Expenses

Interest income and expenses for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are mostly related to financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost. Please refer to Note 9. Leases for interest cost related to lease liabilities included in interest expenses for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

The main components of financial income and expenses excluding interest income and interest expenses for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

(a) Financial Income

	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2022	2021	2022
Dividends income	¥76	¥73	\$621
Exchange gains	-	337	-
Other	-	3	-
Total	¥76	¥413	\$621

(b) Financial Expenses

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2022	2021	2022
Exchange loss	¥(1,575)	¥-	\$(12,869)
Other	(313)	(44)	(2,557)
Total	¥(1,888)	¥(44)	\$(15,426)

24. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The basis for computations of basic EPS attributable to stockholders of the parent company for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Millions of yen 2022 2021		Thousands of U.S. dollars
			2022
Net income attributable to stockholders of the parent company	¥13,513	¥22,873	\$110,409
	N 1 0		1 1 \
	Number of shares (thousand shares)		
	2022		2021
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	5	83,688	95,297
	Yen U.S. dol		
	2022 2021		2022
Basic EPS attributable to stockholders of the parent company	¥161.47	¥240.02	\$1.32

(Note) Diluted EPS attributable to stockholders of the parent company is not presented as there are no dilutive shares.

25. Supplementary Cash Flow Information

(a) Purchase of Subsidiaries' Shares

"Purchase of subsidiaries' shares" in cash flows from investing activities for the year ended March 31, 2021 represents

changes in cash and cash equivalents as a result of obtaining control of Hitachi Transport System East Japan Distribution Services Co., Ltd.

	Million	Millions of yen		
	2022	2021	2022	
Consideration paid	¥ -	¥(1,506)	\$ -	
Consideration paid in cash and cash equivalents	-	(1,506)	-	
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiaries over which control was obtained	-	30	-	
Changes in cash and cash equivalents associated with obtaining control	¥ -	¥(1,476)	\$ -	

(b) Changes in Liabilities Arising From Financing Activities

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities during the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

			Million	s of yen		
	Short-term debt	Bonds (Note)	Long-term debt (Note)	Lease liabilities	Liabilities for written put options over non- controlling interests	Total
April 1, 2020	¥3,546	¥59,763	¥101,155	¥294,240	¥16,176	¥474,880
Changes arising from cash flows	(1,575)	-	(10,409)	(36,648)	(7,174)	(55,806)
Non-cash changes						
Newly recognized lease liabilities	-	-	-	44,017	-	44,017
Cancellation of lease contracts	-	-	-	(10,132)	-	(10,132)
Changes in fair value	-	-	-	-	3,036	3,036
Other	181	32	82	343	788	1,426
March 31, 2021	¥2,152	¥59,795	¥90,828	¥291,820	¥12,826	¥457,421
Changes arising from cash flows	(1,165)	(10,000)	(329)	(33,758)	(1,777)	(47,029)
Non-cash changes						
Newly recognized lease liabilities	-	-	-	17,024	-	17,024
Remeasurement of lease liabilities	-	-	-	21,437	-	21,437
Cancellation of lease contracts	-	-	-	(15,363)	-	(15,363)
Changes in fair value	-	-	-	-	673	673
Other	127	30	154	2,109	618	3,038
March 31, 2022	¥1,114	¥49,825	¥90,653	¥283,269	¥12,340	¥437,201

(Note) Including current portion.

			Thousands of	of U.S. dollars	Thousands of U.S. dollars								
	Short-term debt	Bonds (Note)	Long-term debt (Note)	Lease liabilities	Liabilities for written put options over non- controlling interests	Total							
March 31, 2021	\$17,583	\$488,561	\$742,119	\$2,384,345	\$104,796	\$3,737,405							
Changes arising from cash flows	(9,519)	(81,706)	(2,688)	(275,823)	(14,519)	(384,255)							
Non-cash changes													
Newly recognized lease liabilities	-	-	-	139,096	-	139,096							
Remeasurement of lease liabilities	-	-	-	175,153	-	175,153							
Cancellation of lease contracts	-	-	-	(125,525)	-	(125,525)							
Changes in fair value	-	-	-	-	5,499	5,499							
Other	1,038	245	1,258	17,232	5,049	24,822							
March 31, 2022	\$9,102	\$407,100	\$740,690	\$2,314,478	\$100,825	\$3,572,195							

(Note) Including current potion.

26. Stock Compensation

(a) Outline of Performance-Linked Stock Compensation Plan

The Company has introduced a performance-linked stock compensation plan (Plan) as a compensation plan for executive officers of the Company.

The plan is an incentive plan linked to the achievement level of the Company's performance target for the evaluation period of three consecutive business years. The standard points (1 point = 1 share), calculated by dividing the standard amount predetermined for each position by the Company's stock price (average of closing price on each day of March) before the commencement of the evaluation period in the trust, will be granted, and the number of the Company's common stock, determined by multiplying the standard points by the share grant ratio reflecting the performance evaluation, will be granted after the evaluation period.

The ratio of the Company's TSR to TOPIX growth rate and consolidated ROE (the ratio of net income to equity attributable to stockholders of the parent company) are used as performance evaluation indicators, with a 50% weight given to each indicator for all positions. Performance evaluation is performed and finalized after the three-year evaluation period by the Compensation Committee based on the share grant ratio calculated based on the achieved results.

This plan is accounted for as equity-settled stock compensation. There is no exercise price for this plan as stocks are granted as compensation.

(b) Measurement Basis of Fair Value and Fair Value

The fair value of the standard points on the grant date is calculated using the Monte-Carlo simulations based on the assumptions below. Dividend forecasts are incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

	2022	2021
Expected volatility	29.25%	27.10%
Expected dividend yield	1.09%	1.60%
Risk-free interest rate	(0.120)%	(0.176)%

	Ye	n	U.S. dollars
	2022	2021	2022
Stock price on the grant date	¥4,600	¥2,751	\$38

(Note) Expected volatility is calculated based on the historical daily stock prices of the period corresponding to the evaluation period.

The number of points as of March 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Points		
	2022	2021	
Outstanding at April 1	56,608	-	
Granted	41,789	56,608	
Exercised	(844)	-	
Expired	(2,030)	-	
Outstanding at March 31	95,523	56,608	
Exercisable at March 31	-	-	

	Yen		U.S. dollars	
	2022	2021	2022	
Weighted average fair value	¥3,806	¥2,650	\$31	

(c) Stock Compensation Expense

Stock compensation expense under this plan amounted to ¥70 million (\$572 thousand) and ¥24 million for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

27. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures

(a) Capital Management

The Group manages its capital under the policy of maintaining an appropriate level of assets, liabilities and capital for current and future business operations, as well as optimizing the efficiency of capital utilization throughout the business operations.

The Group uses the total equity attributable to stockholders of the parent company ratio as an important indicator in capital management. The target is set in the mid-term management plan and is regularly monitored. The total equity attributable to stockholders of the parent company ratio as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are 21.5% and 19.7%, respectively.

The Company is not subject to material capital requirements except for the general rules such as the Companies Act of Japan.

(b) Financial Risks

The Group is engaged in business activities world-wide, and exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk, currency exchange risk and credit risk. The Group carries out risk management in accordance with certain policies to avoid or mitigate these risks.

(i) Market risks

The Group carries out risk management to mitigate market risks arising in the ordinary course of business. In managing risks, the Group strives to avoid risks by preventing incidence from the underlying cause of such risks and makes efforts to mitigate them in case the risks cannot be avoided. The Group may use derivative transactions to

avoid risks described below. Stocks included in investments in securities mainly consist of stocks of the Group's business partners and are exposed to fluctuation risk of market prices.

a. Interest rate risk

The Group raises funds through interest bearing liabilities (borrowings and bonds). Interest bearing liabilities with floating interest rates are exposed to fluctuation risk of interest rate.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate

The sensitivity analysis for interest rate for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 shown below indicates the impact on income before income taxes in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of a 1% increase in the interest rates on financial instruments (floating-rate financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost) held by the Group as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 while all other variables are held constant.

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Impact on income before income taxes	¥71	¥191	\$580

b. Currency exchange risk

The Group is engaged in global logistics services and exposed to currency exchange risk for foreign currencydenominated transactions. In order to hedge fluctuation risks of foreign currencies, the Group uses forward exchange contracts.

Sensitivity analysis for currency exchange rate

The sensitivity analysis for major currency exchange rates for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 shows the impact on income before income taxes in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of a 1% appreciation of currencies other than the functional currency against the functional currency regarding the foreign currency-denominated financial instruments held by the Group as of March 31, 2022 and 2021.

The impact is calculated assuming all other variables are held constant, and the impact of translating financial instruments denominated in the functional currency and assets, liabilities, income, and expenses of foreign operations into Japanese yen is not included.

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022
Impact on income before income taxes	¥174	¥131	\$1,422

(ii) Credit risk

The Group extends credit to customers mainly as trade and other receivables and is exposed to credit risk that the Group may incur a loss due to customers' default on contractual obligations. For the management of credit risk of customers, the Group conducts periodic credit checks of customers including the customers' financial conditions and credit ratings by third party rating agencies, and establishes credit limits according to the credit risk. No exposure of significant concentration of credit risk is present in a single customer or customer group as the Group's trade and other receivables consist of receivables with a number of customers in diverse industries and regions. In addition, credit risk arising from financial activities such as deposits, currency transactions and other financial instruments is limited as the Group mainly trades with internationally-recognized financial institutions.

Changes in allowance for doubtful accounts for trade receivables and contract assets and other receivables during the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows. Other receivables include mainly financial assets measured at amortized cost such as other accounts receivable.

	Millions of yen					
	Trade rece	Trade receivables and contract assets Othe				
	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total
April 1, 2021	¥144	¥1,143	¥1,287	¥-	¥48	¥48
Increase (provision)	63	303	366	-	2	2
Decrease (write off)	(10)	(55)	(65)	-	(32)	(32)
Other (Note)	(98)	39	(59)	-	(8)	(8)
March 31, 2022	¥99	¥1,430	¥1,529	¥-	¥10	¥10

(Note) Other includes exchange differences.

		Millions of yen						
	Trade rece	ivables and contr	act assets	(Other receivables			
	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total		
April 1, 2020	¥133	¥1,210	¥1,343	¥-	¥56	¥56		
Increase (provision)	70	99	169	-	-	-		
Decrease (write off)	(12)	(78)	(90)	-	(7)	(7)		
Other (Note)	(47)	(88)	(135)	-	(1)	(1)		
March 31, 2021	¥144	¥1,143	¥1,287	¥-	¥48	¥48		

(Note) Other includes exchange differences.

	Thousands of U.S. dollars						
	Trade recei	vables and contr	act assets	(Other receivables		
	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total	
April 1, 2021	\$1,177	\$9,339	\$10,516	\$-	\$392	\$392	
Increase (provision)	515	2,476	2,990	-	16	16	
Decrease (write off)	(82)	(449)	(531)	-	(261)	(261)	
Other (Note)	(801)	319	(482)	-	(65)	(65)	
March 31, 2022	\$809	\$11,684	\$12,493	\$-	\$82	\$82	

(Note) Other includes exchange differences.

The total of the carrying amount of trade receivables and contract assets and other receivables, subject to recognition of allowance for doubtful accounts, is as follows. There are no significant changes in these total of the carrying amount which have a significant impact on changes in allowance for doubtful accounts.

		Millions of yen						
	Trade rece	Trade receivables and contract assets			Other receivables			
	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total		
April 1, 2020	¥115,252	¥1,510	¥116,762	¥3,762	¥201	¥3,963		
March 31, 2021	¥123,730	¥1,238	¥124,968	¥2,806	¥70	¥2,876		
March 31, 2022	¥131,806	¥1,580	¥133,386	¥4,139	¥16	¥4,155		

		Thousands of U.S. dollars						
	Trade rece	ivables and con	tract assets		Other receivables	5		
	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total	Collective assessment	Individual assessment	Total		
March 31, 2022	\$1,076,934	\$12,910	\$1,089,844	\$33,818	\$131	\$33,949		

Except for guarantee obligations, the Group's maximum exposure to the credit risk without considering collateral held equals the carrying amount of the financial assets, net of impairment, in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Group's financial liabilities including trade payables and long-term debt are exposed to liquidity risk. The Group's ordinary policy on financing activities is to maintain liquidity at the appropriate level to conduct current and future business activities and secure funding flexibly and efficiently. In order to optimize capital efficiency, the Group promotes cash control through a centralized cash management system.

The following tables present the maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities held by the Group. Trade payables are not included in the tables since their carrying amount agrees with the contractual cash flows and they all mature in less than one year.

	Millions of yen					
		Μ	arch 31, 202	2		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within one year	Over one year through five years	Over five years	
Short-term debt	¥1,114	¥1,130	¥1,130	¥-	¥-	
Long-term debt						
Bonds (Note)	49,825	52,830	271	21,033	31,526	
Long-term debt (Note)	90,653	91,593	20,308	61,231	10,054	
Lease liabilities	283,269	329,836	36,686	99,310	193,840	
Other financial liabilities						
Liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests	12,340	12,369	1,490	10,879	-	
Installment payables	¥10,753	¥10,971	¥4,169	¥6,802	¥-	

(Note) Including current portion.

	Millions of yen						
		М	arch 31, 202	1			
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within one year	Over one year through five years	Over five years		
Short-term debt	¥2,152	¥2,179	¥2,179	¥-	¥-		
Long-term debt							
Bonds	59,795	63,105	10,275	11,074	41,756		
Long-term debt	90,828	92,058	550	61,393	30,115		
Lease liabilities Other financial liabilities	291,820	343,708	35,685	92,897	215,126		
Liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests	12,826	12,869	2,075	10,794	-		
Installment payables	¥13,015	¥13,289	¥4,699	¥8,590	¥-		

	Thousands of U.S. dollars						
	March 31, 2022						
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within one year	Over one year through five years	Over five years		
Short-term debt	\$9,102	\$9,233	\$9,233	\$-	\$-		
Long-term debt							
Bonds (Note)	407,100	431,653	2,214	171,852	257,586		
Long-term debt (Note)	740,690	748,370	165,929	500,294	82,147		
Lease liabilities	2,314,478	2,694,959	299,747	811,423	1,583,790		
Other financial liabilities							
Liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests	100,825	101,062	12,174	88,888	-		
Installment payables	\$87,858	\$89,640	\$34,063	\$55,576	\$-		

(Note) Including current portion.

The weighted average interest rates for short-term debt, long-term debt and installment payables for the year ended March 31, 2022 are 0.8%, 0.2% and 1.4%, respectively, with maturities ranging from 2022 to 2028.

The details on each bond issued are provided below.

		1			m 1 1			
					Thousands			
			Million	s of yen	of U.S.			
				•	dollars			
Issuer	Name of bond	Issued	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	Interest rate (%)	Security	Maturity
The Company	Unsecured Bond #4	September 28, 2016	¥9,975	¥9,970	\$81,502	0.330	Unsecured	September 28, 2026
The Company	Unsecured Bond #5	September 28, 2016	9,963	9,959	81,404	0.750	Unsecured	September 26, 2031
The Company	Unsecured Bond #6	September 4, 2018	9,976	9,969	81,510	0.250	Unsecured	September 4, 2025
The Company	Unsecured Bond #7	September 4, 2018	9,965	9,960	81,420	0.405	Unsecured	September 4, 2028
The Company	Unsecured Bond #8	September 4, 2018	¥9,946	¥9,943	\$81,265	0.980	Unsecured	September 3, 2038

(c) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

(i) Fair value measurements

The following methods and assumptions are used to measure the fair value of financial assets and liabilities. Information on the classification under the fair value hierarchy is set forth in "(iii) Financial instruments measured at fair value in consolidated statement of financial position."

Cash and cash equivalents, Short-term debt and Trade payables

The carrying amount approximates the fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Trade receivables

For accounts receivable, notes receivable and electronically recorded monetary claims that are settled in short term, the carrying amount approximates their fair value.

The fair value of lease receivables is calculated by discounting future cash flows of receivables classified by certain period by an interest rate adjusted for the period up to maturity and the credit risk, and is classified as Level 2.

Other financial assets

Derivative assets are measured at fair value based on non-distressed quoted prices, prices in inactive markets, or models using observable interest rates and yield curves and forward and spot rates for foreign currencies and commodities, and they are classified as Level 2.

The fair value of lease receivables is calculated by discounting future cash flows by an interest rate adjusted for credit risk and is classified as Level 2.

The carrying amount of other accounts receivable approximates the fair value because they are settled in the short term.

The fair value of marketable securities is estimated using the quoted stock prices and classified as Level 1.

In the absence of an active market for investments in securities, quoted prices for similar investment in securities, non distressed quoted prices for identical or similar investment in securities or other relevant information including observable interest rates, yield curves, credit spreads or default rates are used to determine fair value, and they are classified as Level 2. If significant inputs for fair value measurement are unobservable, the Group uses price information provided by financial institutions to evaluate such investments and classifies them as Level 3. The information provided is verified with the income approach using the Group's own valuation model or the market approach using comparisons with prices of similar securities.

The fair value of guarantee deposits is calculated by contract based on the present value of future cash flows discounted at the rate reflecting the credit risk according to the contract period. Guarantee deposits are classified as Level 3.

Long-term debt

The fair value of long-term debt is calculated based on its quoted market prices or present value of future cash flows discounted at the market interest rates applicable to the similar contractual terms. Long-term debt is classified as Level 2.

Other financial liabilities

Derivative liabilities are measured at fair value based on non-distressed quoted prices, prices in inactive markets, or models using observable interest rates and yield curves, forward and spot rates for foreign currencies and commodities, and they are classified as Level 2.

The fair value of installment payables is calculated by a certain period of the installment term to maturity using the present value of future cash flows discounted at the rate reflecting the time to maturity and credit risk. Installment payables are classified as Level 2.

The present value of redemption value of liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests is calculated by discounting future cash flows by an interest rate adjusted for the period until the time of exercising the option and the credit risk, and is classified as Level 3.

(ii) Financial instruments measured at amortized cost

The carrying amount and fair value of the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost are as follows:

	Millions of yen					ds of U.S. lars
	March 3	31, 2022	March	31, 2021	March 31, 2022	
	Carrying amount			Estimated fair value	Carrying amount	Estimated fair value
Assets						
Trade receivables						
Accounts receivable	¥122,323	¥122,322	¥112,556	¥112,553	\$999,453	\$999,444
Lease receivables	3,122	3,150	4,230	4,274	25,509	25,737
Other financial assets						
Lease receivables	818	861	1,027	1,112	6,684	7,035
Other accounts receivable	3,706	3,706	3,161	3,161	30,280	30,280
Guarantee deposits	11,041	11,041	10,713	10,713	90,212	90,212
Liabilities						
Long-term debt (Note)						
Bonds	¥49,825	¥49,955	¥59,795	¥60,358	\$407,100	\$408,162
Long-term debt	90,653	90,554	90,828	90,927	740,690	739,881
Other financial liabilities						
Installment payables	¥10,753	¥10,938	¥13,015	¥13,260	\$87,858	\$89,370

(Note) Long-term debt is included in Current portion of long-term debt and Long-term debt in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(iii) Financial instruments measured at fair value in consolidated statement of financial position

Financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis after the initial recognition are classified into three levels of the fair value hierarchy based on the measurement inputs' observability and materiality as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets Level 2: Valuations measured by direct or indirect observable inputs other than Level 1 Level 3: Valuations measured by significant unobservable inputs

When several inputs are used for a fair value measurement, the level is determined based on the significant input with the lowest level in the fair value measurement as a whole.

Transfers between fair value hierarchy levels are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of each quarter.

The following tables present financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

March 31, 2022		Millions	of yen	
Waren 51, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
FVTPL financial assets				
Derivative assets	¥ -	¥15	¥ -	¥15
Other financial assets	-	-	5,652	5,652
FVTOCI financial assets:				
Equity securities	¥2,389	¥-	¥3,03 7	¥5,426
		Millions	of yen	
March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
FVTPL financial assets				
Derivative assets	¥ -	¥5	¥ -	¥5
Other financial assets	-	-	203	203
FVTOCI financial assets:				
Equity securities	¥2,813	¥-	¥3,717	¥6,530
		Thousands of U		
March 31, 2022	T 11			T (1
• .	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
FVTPL financial assets				
Derivative assets	\$ -	\$123	\$ -	\$123
Other financial assets	-	-	46,180	46,180
FVTOCI financial assets:				
Equity securities	\$19,520	\$-	\$24,814	\$44,334

The following tables present changes in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

		Millions of yen	
2022	FVTPL financial assets	FVTOCI financial assets	Total
Balance at April 1, 2021	¥203	¥3,717	¥3,920
Purchases (Note 1)	5,517	-	5,517
Sales/redemption	(66)	(4)	(70)
OCI (Note 2)	-	(679)	(679)
Other	(2)	3	1
Balance at March 31, 2022	¥5,652	¥3,037	¥8,689

Notes: 1. Purchases of FVTPL financial assets of ¥5,517 million (\$45,077 thousand) represent payments into exchange-rate-protected Turkish lira time deposits by our Turkish subsidiary Mars Lojistik Grup Anonim Sirketi to be eligible for tax exemptions introduced by the Turkish government for valuation gains on foreign currency-denominated assets. This amount is included in "Payments into time deposits" in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

2. Included in "Net changes in financial assets measured at fair value through OCI" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

		Millions of yen						
2021	FVTPL financial assets	FVTOCI financial assets	Total					
Balance at April 1, 2020	¥206	¥3,692	¥3,898					
Purchases	10	-	10					
Sales/redemption	(6)	(23)	(29)					
OCI (Note)	-	63	63					
Other	(7)	(15)	(22)					
Balance at March 31, 2021	¥203	¥3,717	¥3,920					

(Note) Included in "Net changes in financial assets measured at fair value through OCI" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

	Thousands of U.S. dollars				
2022	FVTPL financial assets	FVTOCI financial assets	Total		
Balance at April 1, 2021	\$1,659	\$30,370	\$32,029		
Purchases (Note 1)	45,077	-	45,077		
Sales/redemption	(539)	(33)	(572)		
OCI (Note 2)	-	(5,548)	(5,548)		
Other	(16)	25	8		
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$46,180	\$24,814	\$70,994		

Notes: 1. Purchases of FVTPL financial assets of ¥5,517 million (\$45,077 thousand) represent payments into exchange-rate-protected Turkish lira time deposits by our Turkish subsidiary Mars Lojistik Grup Anonim Sirketi to be eligible for tax exemptions introduced by the Turkish government for valuation gains on foreign currency-denominated assets. This amount is included in "Payments into time deposits" in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

2. Included in "Net changes in financial assets measured at fair value through OCI" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The balance of liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests as of April 1, 2021 and March 31, 2022 was $\pm 12,826$ million ($\pm 104,796$ thousand) and $\pm 12,340$ million ($\pm 100,825$ thousand), respectively.

The balance of liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests as of April 1, 2020 and March 31, 2021 was ¥16,176 million and ¥12,826 million, respectively.

Liabilities for written put options over non-controlling interests are not included in the table above.

(iv) Fair value of FVTOCI financial assets by issue

The fair value of major equity instruments designated as FVTOCI is as follows.

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	March 3	1, 2022
Major FVTOCI financial assets	Fair v	alue
WORLD TRADE CENTER BUILDING, INC.	¥1,434	\$11,717
Fukuyama Transporting Co., Ltd.	731	5,973
AEON CO., LTD.	522	4,265
SENKON LOGISTICS CO., LTD.	392	3,203
YABUKI KAIUN KAISHA, LTD.	317	2,590
AEON Financial Service Co., Ltd.	288	2,353
Logicom Co., Ltd.	281	2,296
Nuclear Fuel Transport Company, Ltd.	182	1,487
OKAMURA CORPORATION	145	1,185

	Millions of yen
	March 31, 2021
Major FVTOCI financial assets	Fair value
WORLD TRADE CENTER BUILDING, INC.	¥2,121
Fukuyama Transporting Co., Ltd.	913
AEON CO., LTD.	660
SENKON LOGISTICS CO., LTD.	398
AEON Financial Service Co., Ltd.	352
YABUKI KAIUN KAISHA, LTD.	302
Logicom Co., Ltd.	273
Nuclear Fuel Transport Company, Ltd.	171
OKAMURA CORPORATION	156
Sawai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (Note)	107
Moonstar Company	106

(Note) Shares of Sawai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. were transferred to SAWAI GROUP HOLDINGS CO., Ltd. on April 1, 2021.

(v) Derecognition of FVTOCI financial assets

Accumulated gains and losses on valuation of investments in securities classified as FVTOCI financial assets are reclassified into retained earnings when the relevant assets are derecognized during the fiscal year.

Net gain of ¥1 million (\$8 thousand), net of taxes, was reclassified during the year ended March 31, 2022 mainly due to sales of shares as a result of reviewing business relations.

Net gain of ¥12 million, net of taxes, was reclassified during the year ended March 31, 2021 mainly due to sales of shares as a result of reviewing business relations.

The details of FVTOCI financial assets that were derecognized for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Million	Millions of yen		
	2022	2021	2022	
Fair value at the time of derecognition	¥4	¥84	\$33	
Accumulated gains/losses at the time of derecognition	¥2	¥38	\$16	

(vi) Dividend income

	Million	Millions of yen		
	2022	2021	2022	
Investments derecognized during the year	¥-	¥4	\$-	
Investments held as of the end of the year	76	69	621	
Total	¥76	¥73	\$621	

(d) Derivatives and Hedging Activities

(i) Cash flow hedge

Foreign currency risk

Changes in the fair value of forward exchange contracts designated as an effective cash flow hedge of forecasted transactions denominated in a foreign currency are recognized as changes in OCI. The amount recognized in OCI is subsequently reclassified into profit or loss when exchange gains or losses on the hedged assets or liabilities are recognized.

As of March 31, 2022, the period during which future cash flows designated as hedged item are expected to arise and the period during which those cash flows are expected to affect profit or loss are from April 2022 to December 2022.

The fair value of hedging instruments as of March 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Millions of yen				Thousand dol	
	March	31, 2022	,		March 31, 2022	
	Assets	Liabilities			Assets	Liabilities
Cash flow hedge						
Forward exchange contracts	¥15	¥-	¥5	¥-	\$123	\$-

The amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, related to cash flow hedges are detailed in the following tables. There were no derivative transactions designated as a cash flow hedge which, as a result of evaluation of hedge effectiveness, were considered ineffective.

Gain (loss) recognized in OCI - effective portion of derivatives designated as hedging instruments

Derivatives	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2022	2021	2022
Forward exchange contracts	¥26	¥6	\$212

<u>Gain (loss) recycled from OCI to profit or loss – effective portion of derivatives designated as hedging</u> instruments

Derivatives	Consolidated statement of profit or	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	loss	2022	2021	2022
Forward exchange contracts	Financial income and expenses	¥16	¥3	\$131

28. Pledged Assets

There are no assets pledged as collateral and secured liabilities for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021.

29. Principal Subsidiaries

The Company's consolidated financial statements include the following subsidiaries listed below.

Name of subsidiary	As of March 31, 2022 Business location	Description of	Ownership
Hitachi Transport Direx Co., Ltd.	Nishi-ku, Sapporo, Hokkaido	principal business Domestic logistics	ratio (%) 100.0
Hitachi Transport System East Japan Co., Ltd.	Hitachi, Ibaraki	Domestic logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System Metropolitan Co., Ltd.	Kashiwa, Chiba	Domestic logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System Kanto Co., Ltd.	Omiya-ku, Saitama, Saitama	Domestic logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System South Kanto Co., Ltd.	Naka-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa	Domestic logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System Central Japan Co., Ltd.	Naka-ku, Nagoya, Aichi	Domestic logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System West Japan Co., Ltd.	Konohana-ku, Osaka, Osaka	Domestic logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System Kyushu Japan Co., Ltd.	Hisayama-machi, Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka	Domestic logistics	100.0
Hitachi Collabonext Transport System Co., Ltd.	Koto-ku, Tokyo	Domestic logistics	95.0
Hitachi Finenext Transport System Co., Ltd.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Domestic logistics	90.0
VANTEC CORPORATION	Nishi-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa	Domestic logistics and global logistics	100.0
VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Global logistics	100.0
Hitachi Distribution Software Co., Ltd.	Koto-ku, Tokyo	Information system development	75.0
Hitachi Auto Service Co., Ltd.	Taito-ku, Tokyo	Automobile sale and inspection service	60.0
PALENET Co., LTD.	Kanagawa-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa	Development, manufacturing, sale and rental business of cargo handling materials and equipment	80.0
Hitachi Transport System East Japan Distribution Services Co., Ltd.	Hitachi, Ibaraki	Packing, trading of wood, and processing and sale of wood products	100.0
Vantec Hitachi Transport System (USA), Inc.	Torrance, U.S.A.	Global logistics	100.0
J.P. Holding Company, Inc.	Anderson, U.S.A.	Global logistics	100.0
James J. Boyle & Co.	Monterey Park, U.S.A.	Global logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System (Europe) B.V.	Waardenburg, The Netherlands	Global logistics	100.0
ESA s.r.o.	Kladno, Czech Republic	Global logistics	100.0
Mars Lojistik Grup Anonim Sirketi	Istanbul, Turkey	Global logistics	90.0
Vantec Hitachi Transport System (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong, China	Global logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System (China), Ltd.	Shanghai, China	Global logistics	100.0
Hitachi Transport System (Asia) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Global logistics	100.0
Flyjac Logistics Pvt. Ltd.	Mumbai, India	Global logistics	100.0
Other 52 subsidiaries			

30. Related Party Transactions

(a) Related Party Transactions

The material transactions between the Group and its related parties are as follows.

For the year	ended March 31, 2022		Millio	ons of yen	
Туре	Name	Description of transactions	Transaction amount	Account	Ending balance
				Accounts receivable	¥2,861
Associate and major shareholder	Hitachi, Ltd.	Service revenues (Note 1)	¥12,941	Electronically recorded monetary claims	8
			Contract assets	314	

Note: Transaction terms and policies to determine transaction terms

1. The Company proposes the fees for commissioned work and transportation by considering the fare which has been notified to the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, market prices and total costs, and the fees are determined through price negotiation for each period.

For the ye	ear ended March 31, 2021	Millions of yen				
Туре	Name	Description of transactions	Transaction amount	Account	Ending balance	
Associate	Service revenues	Service revenues		Accounts receivable	¥3,113	
and major Hitachi, I shareholder	Hitachi, Ltd.	(Note 1)	¥13,932	Contract assets	541	
Associate and major	SG Holdings Co., Ltd.	Acquisition of treasury stock (Note 2)		-	-	
shareholder	50 Holdings Co., Eld.	Sales of associate's shares (Note 3)	¥87,458	-	-	

Note: Transaction terms and policies to determine transaction terms

- 1. The Company proposes the fees for commissioned work and transportation by considering the fare which has been notified to the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, market prices and total costs, and the fees are determined through price negotiation for each period.
- 2. Pursuant to the resolution at the Board of Directors meeting held on September 24, 2020, a part of the Company's shares was acquired through off-auction own share repurchase trading (ToSTNeT-3) of the Tokyo Stock Exchange on September 25, 2020.
- The selling price of the associate's shares was determined based on the share transfer agreement with SG Holdings Co., Ltd. As a result of this transaction, SG Holdings Co., Ltd. is no longer our associate as of March 31, 2022.

For the year ended March 31, 2022			Thousands	of U.S. dollars	
Туре	Name	Description of transactions	Transaction amount	Account	Ending balance
				Accounts receivable	\$23,376
Associate and major shareholder	Hitachi, Ltd.	Service revenues (Note 1)	\$105,736	Electronically recorded monetary claims	65
				Contract assets	2,566

Note: Transaction terms and policies to determine transaction terms

1. The Company proposes the fees for commissioned work and transportation by considering the fare which has been notified to the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, market prices and total costs, and the fees are determined through price negotiation for each period.

(b) Directors' Compensation

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2022	2021	2022
Short-term employee benefits	¥800	¥746	\$6,536
Stock compensation	70	24	572
Total	¥870	¥770	\$7,108

31. Contingencies

Not applicable.

32. Subsequent Events

(Tender Offer)

The Company, at the Board of Directors meeting held on April 28, 2022, resolved to express its opinion supporting the Tender Offer by HTSK Co., Ltd. (the Tender Offer) for the common shares of the Company (the Company Shares) if the Tender Offer is commenced and to recommend that the Company's shareholders tender their shares in the Tender Offer.

The above-mentioned board resolution was made on the assumption that the Tender Offeror intends to acquire all the Company Shares and that the Company Shares are planned to be delisted through the transaction including the Tender Offer and a series of procedures scheduled thereafter.

1. Overview of the Tender Offeror

[1]	Name	HTSK Co., Ltd.
[2]	Location	Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Building 11F, 2-1-1 Marunouchi,
[2]		Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
[3]	Name and title of representative	Steven Codispoti, Representative Director
[4]	Type of business	Trade and any other business incidental or related to trade
[5]	Amount of capital	5,000 yen (\$40.85)
[6]	Date of foundation	April 21, 2022
[7]	Major shareholders and shareholding ratio	HTSK Holdings Co., Ltd. (shareholding ratio: 100.00%)
[8]	Relationship between the Company and the Tender Offeror	
	Capital relationship	N/A
	Personal relationship	N/A
	Transaction relationship	N/A
	Status as a related party	N/A

2. Overview of the Tender Offer

(1) Tender offer period

It is anticipated that the Tender Offer will begin around late September 2022.

- (2) Purchase price
 - ¥8,913 (\$72.82) per share of common stock
- (3) Number of shares to be purchased

Number of shares to be purchased	Minimum number of shares to be purchased	Maximum number of shares to be purchased
50,401,606 shares	22,443,900 shares	- shares

(Additional Information)

(Fire at our consolidated subsidiary)

On November 29, 2021, a fire broke out at a logistics center at Maishima Sales Office of Hitachi Transport System West Japan Co., Ltd., our consolidated subsidiary, and was extinguished on December 4, 2021.

This fire destroyed or burned rental properties and our own machinery and equipment, etc., resulting in decreases in rightof-use assets of ¥8,992 million (\$73,470 thousand), in lease liabilities of ¥9,142 million (\$74,696 thousand), in property, plant and equipment of ¥71 million (\$580 thousand), and in intangible assets of ¥1 million (\$8 thousand) in the consolidated statement of financial position during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. Various costs arising from alternative transportation of ¥672 million (\$5,491 thousand) were recorded as cost of sales, and provision for loss by fire and loss on disposal of fixed assets for properly, plant and equipment destroyed or burned of ¥7,294 million (\$59,596 thousand) were recorded as loss by fire in other expenses. Provision for loss by fire includes loss related to rental properties, including costs to dismantle and remove the buildings burned, and the payments to customers and other affected parties that can be reasonably estimated. Insurance payment for the finalized claim related to the fire of ¥352 million (\$2,876 thousand) was recorded as insurance proceeds in other income, but the potential impact of the insurance payment still in processing on the Company's consolidated financial statements in the future periods is yet to be determined at this point.

The Company is now discussing the responsibility for the fire with the relevant parties, and because some of the amounts stated above were calculated based on the best estimate using currently available information at this point, in the case where it becomes necessary to review the accounting estimates as the discussion progresses, it may have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2023 and thereafter.

[TRANSLATION]

This document has been translated from the Japanese original for the convenience of overseas stakeholders. In the event of any discrepancy between this document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Hitachi Transport System, Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Hitachi Transport System, Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of March 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of March 31, 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Points of Emphasis

As described in Note 32 "Subsequent Events" to the consolidated financial statements, the Company, at a meeting of its Board of Directors held on April 28, 2022, expressed its opinion in support of the tender offer by HTSK Co., Ltd. for the Company's common shares if the tender offer is commenced, and resolved to recommend that the shareholders of the Company tender their shares in this tender offer.

This point does not affect our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of the audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming the auditor's opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of goodwill related to VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD	
Description of Key Audit Matter	Auditor's response
As described in Note 13 Goodwill and Intangible Assets to the consolidated financial statements, a significant portion of goodwill recognized by the Company is related to VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD in the forwarding business in the amount of \$5,065 million as of March 31, 2021.	To assess the valuation of goodwill related to VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD, we performed the following audit procedures, among others: (1) Evaluation of internal controls
The Company considers goodwill related to VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD. to be material because a 1.1-percentage-point increase in the discount rate, a key assumption used in impairment testing, could result in an impairment loss. The Company performed an impairment test for cash-generating unit (CGU) to which goodwill belongs and did not recognize an impairment loss as the recoverable amount of the CGU exceeded the carrying amount. The recoverable amount per CGU is calculated based on value in use. Value in use is mainly calculated by the estimated future cash flows based on business plans approved by management, discounted at the discount rate which is derived from the weighted average cost of capital. The business plan used is based on external information, reflects historical experiences, and generally covers a maximum of five years. Estimated future cash flows beyond the period covered by the business plan are calculated using the estimated growth rate not exceeding the long- tern average growth rate of the market to which the CGU belongs. The significant assumptions used in estimating the value in use are the estimated future cash flows based on the business plan, the terminal growth rate and the discount rate. The business plan is affected mainly by the number of orders, handling volume and market growth rates.	 With respect to the valuation process for the goodwill impairment test, we evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls over internal review and approval of business plans used in the goodwill valuation. (2) Valuation of estimates of future cash flows We compared the estimated future cash flows with the business plan approved by management to evaluate consistency. In addition, we compared the Company's business plan for past years with actual results to evaluate the effectiveness of management's estimation process. We engaged valuation specialists in our network firm to verify that the valuation method, the terminal growth rate and the discount rate used by the Company in the calculation of value in use are consistent with general valuation practices. To evaluate the consistency of the estimates of number of orders and handling volume included in the estimates in the business plan, we compared them with the actual results in prior years for each customer and the estimated in the estimates in the business plan, we discussed with management, etc. and also compared it to external data available on market forecast.
In particular, the number and volume of items	• We analyzed the impact of changes in the

handled tend to be affected by changes in the customer supply chain, mainly due to changes in the demand of product groups of major customers, procurement methods, and manufacturing sites, and therefore the estimates are highly uncertain.	value in use to evaluate the uncertainty of key
Auditing valuation of goodwill related to VANTEC HTS FORWARDING, LTD is complex as the estimation of recoverable amount involves expertise in assessing uncertainties related to the significant assumptions and management's subjective judgment as well as the valuation method, terminal growth rate, and discount rate used in calculating value in use, and it also requires professional judgment. Therefore, we determined this matter to be a key audit matter.	

Valuation of the estimate of the provision for loss by fire related to the fire that occurred at the Maishima Sales Office

Description of Koy Audit Matter	Auditor's regronse
Description of Key Audit Matter	Auditor's response
As described in (d) Use of Estimates and	To assess the valuation of the estimate for the
Judgments (iv) Provision for loss by Fire of Note 2 Basis of Presentation to the	provision for loss by fire related to the fire that
	occurred at a logistics center of Maishima
consolidated financial statements, and Note	Sales Office of Hitachi Transport System
16 Provisions and "(Additional Information),"	West Japan Co., Ltd., we primarily conducted
on November 29, 2021, a fire occurred at a	the following procedures.
logistics center of Maishima Sales Office of Hitachi Transport System West Japan Co.,	(1) Evaluation of internal controls
Ltd. As of March 31, 2022, the Company	 With respect to the valuation process
recorded 6,423 million yen as provision for	related to the estimate of provision for loss by
loss by fire to provide for possible future loss	fire, we evaluated the design and operating
on rental properties, such as costs to demolish	effectiveness of internal controls over internal
and remove the buildings burned, and	review and approval of the estimate of
payments to customers and other affected	provision for loss by fire.
parties. This amount is included in other	(2) Valuation of the estimate of provision for
current liabilities in the consolidated	loss by fire
statement of financial position as of March 31,	• To evaluate the necessity and completeness
2022.	of provision for loss by fire, we inquired of
In actimating loss related to rental properties	management and the Company's chief
In estimating loss related to rental properties, such as costs to demolish and remove the	negotiator and legal counsel on the legal basis
buildings burned, the Company made certain	for possible future loss and reviewed contracts
assumptions regarding the status of	and other documents with customers and other
discussions with affected parties, the methods	affected parties.
for demolition and removal and construction	• To evaluate the consistency of the estimate
period, taking into consideration the building	of the loss related to rental properties,
structure, the extent of the fire damage of the	including the costs to demolish and remove
building and products inside the building, and	the buildings burned, we reviewed the
other factors. The Company made certain	quotations for the demolition and removal
assumptions regarding the estimated	costs obtained by the Company from external
payments to customers and other affected	sources, as well as inquired of the preparers of
parties, such as the extent of payments to be	the quotations about the assumptions for the
made by the Company, based on the opinions	estimate, including the methods for
of legal experts and the current status of	demolition and removal and construction
discussions with the affected parties.	period, and compared them with the external
These assumptions are based on	data obtained by the Company.
management's best estimates and judgments	• To evaluate the consistency of the estimate
using the currently available information.	of payments, etc. to customers and other
However, due to the fact that access to the site	affected parties, we inquired of management
is restricted for safety reasons and information	and the Company's chief negotiator and legal
regarding the interior of the burned building is	counsel about the status of discussions with
limited at this time, the methods for the	customers and other affected parties, as well
demolition and removal and construction	as reviewed the minutes of discussions with
period are subject to change, and there is	customers and other affected parties and
	customers and other arrected parties and

uncertainty regarding the future progress of	compared them with the information known to
discussions with customers and other affected	the Company.
parties and the intentions of the other parties.	
The key assumptions used in estimating the	
provision for loss by fire related to the fire that	
occurred at the Maishima Sales Office have a	
high degree of uncertainty involving	
subjective judgments by management and	
require professional judgment. Therefore, we	
determined this matter to be a key audit	
matter.	

Other Information

Other Information is information contained in the annual securities report other than the consolidated financial statements, financial statements and the auditor's report on these financial statements. Management is responsible for the preparation and disclosure of Other Information. In addition, the Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the execution of duties by the executive officers and directors in designing and operating the reporting process for Other Information.

The scope of our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not include any Other Information, and we express no opinion on Other Information.

Our responsibility in the audit of the consolidated financial statements is to read through the Other Information and, in the course of reading, to consider whether there are material differences between the Other Information and the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, and to pay attention to whether there are any indication of material errors in the Other Information in addition to such material differences.

If we determine that there are material errors in Other Information based on the work we have performed, we are required to report those facts.

We have nothing to report regarding Other Information.

Responsibilities of Management and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing whether it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis and disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern in accordance with IFRSs.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the execution of duties by executive officers and directors in designing and operating the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our responsibilities are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements from an independent standpoint in an audit report, based on our audit. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, select and apply audit procedures based on our judgment, and obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Consider internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for our risk assessments while the purpose of the audit of the consolidated financial statements is not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies adopted by management and how they are applied, and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and adequacy of related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate whether the presentation and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with IFRSs, the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair

presentation.

- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the consolidated financial statements. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with the professional ethical requirements regarding independence in Japan, and communicate with them matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards in place to reduce or eliminate obstacles.

Among the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those that are of particular significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current period as the key audit matters and describe them in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Interest Required to Be Disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Group which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Convenience Translation

The U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements with respect to the year ended March 31, 2022 are presented solely for convenience. Our audit also included the translation of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made on the basis described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Tokyo, Japan

June 24, 2022

/s/ Masayuki Aida Masayuki Aida Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant /s/ Chiho Muto Chiho Muto Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

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